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(54) Method and apparatus for finding and selecting a desired data item from a large schedul of data items using a TV set and a controller similar to a TV-remote-control

(57) An apparatus and method for presenting a viewer with an overall representation of the present number of entertainment programs available for selection given one week of program schedule data for 300 or more channels and one or more filtering criteria to limit the number of items represented in the overall representation. Sequentially applied filters will filter the group of program schedule data items that has at least 100,000 half hour time slots offered by 300 channels each week into a smaller subgroup where individual

consideration of each item of the subgroup can be made in a reasonable time. A set top box drives the display of overall representations or results of filtering criteria on a commercial TV set. Once a reasonable sized subgroup is obtained, other displays provide specific information of the program offerings of the subgroup. Selection of the filtering criteria and selection from within a subgroup is interactively made by a viewer through the use of a controller that looks and operates very much like a TV remote control. This makes the interaction familiar, easy and predictable.

D cripti n

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Techni al Fi Id

The invention concerns a method and apparatus for subjecting a large schedule of data items having multiple attributes to consecutive selection criteria in order to reduce the number of individual programs to a manageable group which can be visually searched for a desired data item having a selected subset of the attributes, and more particularly to an apparatus and method which use an interactive control having directional buttons and a select button that are used in conjunction with an interactive display viewed on a normal television set to select the desired data item.

Description of the Prior Art

Presently there are known methods for reducing a large quantity of data into a manageable set of data which can be visually searched for a desired item by a decision maker. One example of such a large quantity of data is a directory of a fixed drive of a computer system. Methods implemented through interactive graphical user interfaces for personal computers and workstations display and reduce disk drive directories to root directory displays which typically show root level files and one or more branch subdirectories for the user's selection. Upon selection of a subdirectory, usually by a mouse, the display typically shifts showing files of the selected subdirectory and sub-subdirectories for further selection. The subdirectory display is often too big to fit on the screen, so interactive scroll bars are typically provided so the display may be controlled by a mouse. Using the mouse and the scroll bars, a user may work down the directory tree structure until the desired file is found. Such graphical user interfaces are common for computers and monitors where visual definition is typically at least 640 x 480 pixels for each display. Such techniques might be used in homes to access databases of useful information, such as airline schedules, television programming schedules and movieon-demand catalogues. Unfortunately, each home does not have a computer or work station with 640x480 pixel definition which could take advantage of such existing databases. Further, the NTSC television set which almost every home has in its living room has relatively low viewing definition compared to 640 x 480 pixels or more per screen definition of computer monitors. Moreover, the typical home television set is not connected to a mouse, which is not an appropriate pointing device for the living room, rather most television sets have controls on control panels and/or on a remote controls. If just a fraction of these home television sets were used to find and select airline ticket reservations, programs to watch on 300 hundred or more channel cable television services, or pay-per-view movies from a vast collection, the profitability of the service providers and the satisfaction of the users would both be improved. The 300 plus channels mentioned, may use any type of transmission scheme that will deliver information via a cable or wireless path and includes but is not limited to time division multiplexed channels, frequency division multiplexed channels and packet data multiplexed channels.

One known approach for the TV programming schedule is to display the presently showing programs along with the next subsequent programs for the next hour or so, on what is referred to as a preview channel. Because this is more information than can be legibly displayed on one television screen at once, the preview channel display often scrolls through all the channel offering for the present time and the near future. For a sixty channel system, one complete scrolling takes about three minutes. At such a rate, a one hundred channel cable service would take five minutes and the future three hundred plus channel cable services would take 15 minutes. Needless to say, three minutes is a long time, but acceptable because breaks between programs are about that long. Five and fifteen minutes time periods though represent a substantial portion of a 30 minute program and are simply too long to expect a TV viewer to wait. The alternatives of speeding up the scrolling rate or using smaller size letters for descriptions are not practical either because either of these actions reduces the ability of the viewer to read and understand the schedule. Thus, there is a need in the art for a method and apparatus that allows a viewer to quickly find and select a desired data item from a large schedule, in this case a TV program for viewing from a TV programming schedule for 300 plus channels over the ensuing hours or even days. There is a similar need for a method and apparatus, very similar to the TV program selector, for finding and selecting a movie to order from movies-on-demand, or an airline flight(s) for a trip. It would further be desirable to use a method similar to the TV program selector to find and select a file in storage assets accessible by the apparatus to be executed, updated or deleted as part of file maintenance.

It is an object of the present invention to provide a view of a large schedule of data items and interactive selections of subgroups of the large schedule of data items in order to arrive at a screen display with sufficiently small number of items and sufficiently legible descriptions of each item to provide a viewer with an opportunity to make a reasoned selection therefrom

It is another object of this invention to provide a method for interactively selecting a data item from a large schedule of data items by means of sequentially applying different filtering criteria using an interactive control having an operation appropriate for use with a television set.

Summary fth Inventi n

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In another aspect of the invention, the aforementioned objects may be achieved by providing a method for a home television viewer to interactively select a data item from a large schedule of data item having multiple attributes. The method includes a step of receiving the large schedule of data items. The received schedule of data items is stored locally in a database format in order to expedite later filtering and retrieval. Next, the schedule of data items is filtered into a subgroup of the schedule of data items according to attributes selected by to interactive viewer inputs. The resulting subgroup of the schedule data items is displayed for the viewer's inspection. The user then interactively selects a data item from the subgroup of data items viewed on a television screen.

Briefly stated, in accordance with one aspect of the invention, the aforementioned objects are achieved by providing an apparatus for selecting an item from a large group in a system having display means and interactive movable pointing means for specifying a location in the display means and making a selection at a specified location. This apparatus includes a filtration means including subgroup specifiers in the display means and is responsive to selection of a subgroup specifier by the pointing means for filtering the list to produce the subgroup specified by the selected subgroup specifier; means for displaying representations of group items belonging to at least a portion of the subgroup in the display means; and group item selection means for selecting a group item by selecting the representation thereof in the display in response to the pointing means.

In yet another aspect of the invention, the aforementioned objects may be achieved by providing a method for a viewer to interactively select a program. The method includes a step of receiving program schedule data for at least 300 individual channels for a time period of at least a week. The received program schedule data is stored locally in a database format in order to expedite later sorting and retrieval. Next, the program schedule data is filtered into a subgroup of the program schedule data in response to interactive viewer inputs. The subgroup of the program schedule data is displayed for the viewer's inspection. The user then interactively selects a program from the subgroup of program schedule data for viewing on a TV screen, or alternatively for recording by an appropriate program recording device.

Brief Description of the Drawing

FIG. 1 is a pictorial of a television set connected through a set top box to a cable carrying the program to be selected and a controller for selecting that program.

FIG. 2 is a simplified block diagram of the set top box.

FIG. 3 is a pictorial of a controller as shown in FIG. 1.

FIG. 4 is a pictorial of a top most selection interactive display.

FIG. 5 is a pictorial of a second level selection interactive display.

FIG. 6 is a pictorial of a third level selection interactive display.

FIG. 7 is a pictorial of a first level selection query display.

FIG. 8 is a pictorial of a second level selection query display.

FIG. 9 is a pictorial of another third level selection query display.

FIG. 10 is a pictorial of a display showing a subgroup of programs meeting the Sports. All and On Now sorting criteria.

FIG. 11 is a pictorial of a of the display showing the subgroup of programs meeting the Sports, All and On Now sorting criteria along with a window having a preview of the highlighted program.

FIG. 12 is a pictorial of a display showing a second level selection interaction display, similar to FIG. 5.

FIG. 13 is a pictorial of a two-dimensional interactive grid display with very many program data items shown in reduced representations.

FIG. 14 is a pictorial of a third level selection query display, similar to FIG. 9.

FIG. 15 is a pictorial of a two-dimensional interactive grid display filtered down to a manageable number of data items

FIG. 16 is a pictorial of a first alphanumeric interactive display.

FIG. 17 is the same display as FIG. 14 except that the highlighted interactive area is at a different location.

FIG. 18 is a pictorial of a second alphanumeric interactive display.

FIG. 19 is the same display as FIG. 16 except the highlighted interactive area is at a different location.

FIG. 20 is a pictorial of a third alphanumeric interactive display.

FIG. 21 is the same as FIG. 18 except that the highlighted interactive area is at a different location.

FIG. 22 is a pictorial of a fourth alphanumeric interactive display.

FIG. 23 is a pictorial of a two dim insignal interactive display with logical third dimensional stacks for row and column intersections having multiple entries therein.

D tailed De cripti n

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Referring now to FIG. 1, a television set (TV) 10 is connected to set top box (STB) 12 via interconnecting cable 14. STB 12 is also connected to cable 16 which carries at least one cable program. The TV 10 is any standard TV such as an NTSC, a high definition, or some other standard commercial type for home use. A controller 20 is linked to STB 12, preferably via a free space optical link 22 for controlling the operation of STB 12 in order to select a program for viewing.

Referring now to FIG. 2, STB 12 will be described in greater detail. The STB 12 has a cable interface 30 that selects and converts the incoming signals on cable 16, whether they are digital signals, analog signals, or packet signals, to signals that are compatible with the TV 10. The cable interface 30 is connected by bi-directional bus 32 to CPU 34. Bi-directional bus 32 carries digital information received over cable 16 for use by CPU 34 and digital information transmitted from CPU 34 to cable interface 30. If cable 16 is a bi-directional cable, some of the information from CPU 34 will be processed through cable interface 30 to cable 16.

In addition to bi-directional bus 32, CPU 34 is connected to ROM 38 and RAM 40 via a memory bus 36. ROM 38 contains an operating program that is executed by CPU 34 to provide most of the functionality of the STB 12. RAM 40, among other things, provides storage space for intermediate results of the operating program as executed by CPU 34. RAM 40 provides storage for data that is received from cable 16 and filtered in response to the operating program and viewer inputs from controller 20 (shown in FIG. 1). If further storage is needed for data, larger RAM devices and/or mass storage devices such as disk drives, may be also connected bi-directional bus 32 (not shown). To receive viewer input, CPU 34 is connected to controller interface 44 via bus 42, and to provide feedback to the viewer, CPU 34 is connected to and drives STB display 48 via bus 46 with channel related information.

FIG. 3 illustrates a preferred embodiment of the controller 20. Controller 20 is designed to look and operate like a standard remote control of a TV or a video cassette recorder (VCR). Controller 20 has a numeric keypad 50 having number keys 0-9. Controller 20 has an up arrow 52, a down arrow 54, a right pointing arrow 56, a left pointing arrow 58, a double up arrow 60 and a double down arrow 62. Controller 20 also has a **select** (<) button 64, a cancel (X) button 66 and a query (?) button 68. All interactions with the interface provided by the present invention are controlled by various sequences of these 19 buttons of the controller 20. Further, the result of actuating one of these buttons will be similar the results of a similar action of a standard TV or VCR remote control. so its use will be familiar, predictable and intuitive to the viewer using it.

There are two broad classes of graphical components used in the interface of the present invention: those used by the viewer to select a desired data view or to apply a filter to the information being displayed, such as FIG. 4: and those components used to actually display the information through which the viewer will progress in order to make a selection of a specific item, such as FIG. 6. For example, the viewer might view the schedule of TV programs for the next few hours (all channels), and filter the display to show only sports, basketball games in particular. These choices fall into the first class. Once the display of all basketball shows for the next few hours has been selected, the viewer may progress through it reviewing a text or video digest of each program as selected by the controller 20. Selection of a specific program would typically lead to an action such as videotaping the show or setting an alarm to remind the viewer that the desired program is coming up. The navigation and selection sequences to find and select the desired program are examples of the use of the second class of graphical components.

Note, that in both cases the viewer is required to navigate through multiple graphic displays in order to ultimately select a desired program. The interfaces are kept conceptually and visually distinct in the interface according to the present invention because they serve different purposes and the viewer is reminded of this by their appearance. In addition, the information involved in the view selection components, i.e., the first class, falls naturally into the form of hierarchical menus: short lists with complex substructure. In contrast, the data display, i.e., the second class, components must be able to handle large schedules and arrays of information, which are essentially flat data with simple substructure.

Additionally, there is a display component in most displays referred to as a 'flame', which functions as a status display. The frame is used to give the viewer some context (what view am I displaying?), as well as a brief summary of the presently selected item's characteristics (what item do I currently have selected?). Typically the latter would be the item's full name and useful information such as program start and stop times. The frame will be described further later.

Referring now to FIGs. 3 and 4, a top or beginning level display 400 of the viewer interface for use with controller 20 as it appears on the viewer's TV 10 (shown in FIG. 1) during normal operation. It is depicted as a file card menu 402 having a tab labeled "Begin". On file card menu 402 are interactive buttons labeled Movies (on Demand) 404, 405 Movie 406, Opti ns 408, TV 410, TV Now 412, Last TV 414, Sh pping 416, and Last Shop 418 which when selected by means of the controller 20 cause the next relevant display to be shown along with some sorting and/or filtering to be performed on the data stored in RAM 40 (shown in FIG 2). When the file card menu 402 first appears, an active area, where a selection may be made, is highlighted. This active area may be moved by actuating the arrow

buttons 52-56 and double arrow buttons 60, 62 of controller 20. The file card menu 402 is surrounded by a frame 420, the top of which indicates the designation of the active area currently highlighted. Once an active area has been highlighted, a selection is made by actuating the **s** lect (*) button 64 in FIG. 4, the TV button 410 is shown to be active: by actuating the **s** lect (*) button 64, the next display 500 shown in FIG. 5 appears. This appearance is a logical overlaying of the display 500 over the display 400. Although display 400 is not visible while any logically overlaying displays are canceled, i.e. by actuating the cancel (X) button 66. Thus, until a program is selected for real time viewing, it is possible for the viewer to work his or her way back to the display 400 by actuating the cancel (X) button the appropriate number of times.

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FIG. 5 shows a second level display 500 which is depicted as a file card menu 502 labeled "TV", which appears to overlay and occlude all of file card menu 402 except for the label "Begin". The label TV indicates that the items that can be accessed are TV shows, such as dramatic series, situation comedies, serials, regular variety shows, game shows, sports, and so forth. Since movies and shopping were topics of other interactive buttons, these types of programs may be filtered out in whole or in part. File card menu 502 has interactive buttons labeled **On Now** 504, **W** k-an active area that can be moved by the viewer by operation of the arrow buttons 52-56 and double arrow buttons 60, if it is selected. In FIG. 3). Each of the interactive button represents another filtering that will be performed causes a third level display shown in FIG. 6 to appear and a further sorting an/or filtering of the data stored within RAM (shown in FIG. 2).

Referring now to FIG. 6, display 600 shows what is on at the present time, which in this illustration is 6:30 p.m. A reduced representation 602 of all television shows that are on at the present time appears in FIG. 6. The reduced representation 602 presents each program that is presently on as a card in a tightly cascaded set of cards. The cards may be gray shade coded to distinguish between news shows, sport shows, dramatic shows, comedy shows, documentary shows and so forth. Those skilled in the art will recognize that color would be preferable for color television sets, and a method and apparatus according to the present invention using color to differentiated program types in the reduced representation 602 is contemplated. Thus, using visual coding within the reduced representation 602 would allow a sports program to visually stand out from the non-sports TV programming in the example shown. Up arrow 52 and Down arrow 54 respectively move a selection window 604, which is slightly wider than the items displayed in reduced representation, up and down the reduced representation 602 of the On Now subgroup in single steps. Motion of the active area along the reduced representation 602 is one dimensional, either up or down. The up arrows 60 and the down arrows 62 move this selection window 604 respectively up and down the reduced representation 602 in increments of six. The individual items visible and located within the selection window 604 represent a further subgroup of six programs out of the reduced representation 602 On Now subgroup. This six program subgroup of the selection window 604 is displayed in larger form in a grid display 606 located next to reduced representation 602. This larger form allows the viewer to read the titles of the programs presently in grid display 606. The visible coding, i.e. gray shade coding or color coding, of each item is retained in the larger form in grid display 606 to aid the viewer differentiate between the various types of programming offered.

Within selection window 604 and grid display 606 are active areas 605, 607 that highlight one item in their respective portions of display 600. The active areas 605, 607 move in coordination with each other in response to the Up arrow 52 and the Down arrow 54. When Up arrow 52 or Down arrow 54 require the active areas 605 and 607 to move above or below the selection window 604 and grid display 606, a paging occurs which moves the selection window up six or down six. When an item is located within active areas 605, 607, further information, such as the TV channel call sign, the cable channel number, and the exact start and stop times, is retrieved from the programming database stored in RAM 40 and displayed in the top of a frame 610 of display 600. If the select (<) button 64 is actuated at this time, a preview of either a short text description or a brief still or motion video replaces the grid display 606. The data for these previews are stored in RAM 40. A second sequential actuation of the select (<) button 64 actually selects the highlighted program in the active area 604 of reduced representation 602 and formerly highlighted in grid display 606. If the up arrow 52 or the down arrow 54 is actuated the respective preview for the next program item up or down from the previous previewed item is selected. The information displayed in the top of the frame 610 will change to the next program item up or down also. Actuation of the cancel button 66 returns the viewer to the previous arrangement of display 600. The bottom of the frame 610 lists the characteristics of the display 600, which are also retrieved from RAM 40. If the query (?) button 68 is actuated, the grid display 606 will be replaced by a generalized help menu. This g neralized help menu has many buttons, as explained below, one of which is a view button. If the view button is actuated, the generalized help menu is replaced with the previous sel ct (i.e. filter) view.

Referring now to FIGs. 3, and 7 a selection of a program by category will be described. Actuation of the qu ry (?) button 68 of controll r 20 causes display 700 to appear on the screen of TV 10 (shown in FIG. 1). On display 700 has a help button 702, a categories button 704, a view button 706, a begin button 708, a favorites button 710, and a user

button 712. An active area, shown on categories button 704 is moved by the arrow buttons 52-58. The function of the view button 706 has been discussed in regard to FIG. 6 and will not be repeated here. Actuation of the help button 702 causes a menu of specific help functions to be displayed. Actuation of the begin button 708 causes the beginning menu to be displayed, i.e. it takes the viewer back to the beginning of the selection sequence. Actuation of the favorites button 710 brings up a list of favorite programs for the present timeslot, which may either be accumulated by the CPU 32 from viewing data or may be entered by the viewer or viewers. Actuation of the viewer button 712, which causes a display to appear where a viewer may interactively enter his or her status as the principal viewer. This information is used to determine, display a slate of favorite programs customized for each viewer. Actuation of the categories button 704 causes a further display 800, which is shown in FIG. 8, to replace display 700 on the screen of TV 10.

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Referring now to FIGs. 3, 8 and 9, display 800 has numerous buttons 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, and 809 corresponding to Favorite, Information, Entertainment, Movies, Sports, News, Children, Series and More categories of programming. The buttons 801-809 may be have an active area moved among them using arrows 52-58, or the numeric keypad may be used as a set of hot keys to move the active area to the desired category immediately. The buttons 801-809 are laid out in a 3x3 row and column arrangement just the same as the 1-9 keys of keypad 50 are arranged. Thus, without numbering, intuitive hot key navigation is possible. For example to move the active area to the button in the third column and third row, i.e. button 809, the key in the third column and the third row, i.e. the numeral 9, of keypad 50 is actuated. The button 809 unlike the other buttons which subsequently provide narrower choices, gives another display of buttons for further category choices (not shown). If the active area is around Sports button 805 as shown in FIG. 8, and the select (<) button 64 is actuated, the display shown in FIG. 9 would appear. FIG. 9 is arranged with selection buttons 901-909 in a 3x3 arrangement, similar to that of FIG. 8. Movement of the active area by arrows 52-58 or by hot key is available in FIG. 9, as in FIG. 8. Buttons 901-909 correspond to Baseball, Football, Basketball, Soccer, All, Hockey, Golf, Racing and Other respectively. Except for All button 905, each of the buttons in FIG. 9 represents a narrower subgroup of the overall category of sports. Actuating All button 905 causes display 1000, shown in FIG. 10, to replace, i.e. logically overlay, display 900.

Referring now to FIG. 10, a filtered display for TV programs, that are On Now, for 6:30 p.m. local time as shown in FIG. 10, that are Sports programs showing All categories in reduced representation 1002 is shown. Reduced representation 1002 has so few entries that characteristics of the individual cards that were hidden previously by the sheer number of programs represented can now be discerned. For example, menu card 1003 representing the program This Week in the NBA is shorter on the left side than menu card 1004 representing the program Senior PGA Golf. The reason for that difference is that the program This Week in the NBA starts at 6:30 p.m., while the program Senior PGA Golf started at an earlier time as designated by the double left pointing arrows before the title of Senior PGA Golf in selection window 1006. Since This Week In the NBA and Senior PGA Goylf both end at the same time. the right sides of their reduced representations 1003 and 1004 end at the same location. Movement or navigation of the active area 1005 along the reduced representation 1002 is by means of controller 20 the same as in FIG. 6. Each of the six titles shown in selection window 1006 has a respective rectangular region 1010-1015 thereafter. The rectangular regions 1010-1015 are shaded differently according to the type of sports program with which they are associated. These different shades of gray, or different colors if the display is shown on a color TV, are a visual key to the type of sport that corresponds to each of the six titles. Actuating the select (<) button 64 of controller 20 causes display 1106, shown in FIG. 11, which is a text preview of the program highlighted by the active area, to overlay selection area 1006. As mentioned above, actuating the select (✓) button 64 at this point will cause CPU 34 to instruct cable interface 30 (shown in FIG. 2) to select that TV program for viewing.

Referring again to FIG. 10 if the status of the method and apparatus is the same as it was just after the selection that caused display 1000 to be shown was made, as described in the previous paragraph, and if the query (?) button 68 is actuated, then the display 700 shown in FIG. 7 with various selections will again be displayed. Further, if view button 706 is actuated, display 1200 as shown in FIG. 12 and its filter selections will logically over lay display 700. Display 1200 has numerous interactive buttons: On Now 1202, Coming Up 1204, Search 1206, Weekdays 1208 and Weekend 1210. Since the All Sports category has been selected previously, if the active area of display 1200 is moved to highlight the Coming Up button 1204 and the button 1204 is actuated, display 1300, shown in FIG. 13 will appear and over lay display 1200.

In display 1300, two coordinate axes are shown which are respectively labeled with two attributes of the of the selected subgroup of data items. The two attributes shown in display 1300 are channels and timeslots for the next 24 timeslots, i.e. 12 hours, coming up. Since the all sports category has been selected, each sports program showing on one of the 300 plus channels within the next 12 hours will be represented in display 1300. Each sports program upcoming is represented by a rectangular 'card' located in the row corresponding to the channel carrying the program and in the column(s) representing the timeslot(s) when it will be shown. Each 'card' is a color coded, reduc'd representation of the data item for its respective program. The viewer may move the active area 1302 among the cards using the up and down arrows 52, 54 and right and left arrows 56, 58 for movement vertically and horizontally, respectively. As can be seen from display 1300, there are still too many data items in the subgroup to individually consider

in a reasonable amount of time, so further filtering, either by a shorter time period, i.e. On Now, or a narrower category, i.e. basketball, is needed. To change to a narrower category, the viewer presses the query (?) button 68 which causes display 700 (shown in FIG. 7) to be displayed. Next, categories button 704 is selected which causes display 900 (shown in FIG. 9) to be displayed. Next, basketball button 903 is selected which causes display 1500 of FIG. 15 to be displayed. The C ming Up time filter of FIGs. 12 and 13 has not been changed, so display 1500 shows the basketball programs coming up in the next 12 hours. As can be seen, the two-dimensional grid display 1500 contains approximately sixteen programs, which is sufficiently small to review each item individually in a reasonable time period. Moving active area 1502 around two-dimensional grid display 1500 with the up and down arrows 52, 54 and/or the right and left arrows 56, 58, causes the title and channel of each program to be displayed in the top of the frame of display 1500 to assist the reviewing and selection process. For example, the program highlighted by active area 1502 is "This Week In the NBA" and it is showing on CNN. Thus, by selective filtering the unwieldly display 1300 of programs shown in FIG. 13 is reduced to a manageable handful of display 1500, which the viewer can navigate through individually in a reasonable time.

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Referring now to FIGs. 16-23, another aspect of the present invention will be described. In FIG. 16 and the remaining figures, a longer period of time is selected other than the one and a half hours or so retrieved by the On N w selection. For example, if the viewer wishes to look at the programming available for the rest of the week in order to select something to record on a VCR (not shown). Actuating the button having the number zero (0) of the keypad 50 while watching a program causes the data view menu selection card, such as 900 of FIG. 9, to appear at the point in the towards the broadest data view menu 400 of FIG. 4, and the viewer may stop at any display in order to change time or subject matter categories.

Thus if a viewer were watching This Week in the NBA, and wanted to find a program of interest that is on later, the viewer would first actuate the zero (0) button of keypad 50 which would bring up the display of FIG. 10. Actuating the zero (0) button four more times takes the viewer through displays 900, 800, 700 and 500 of FIGs. 9, 8, 7 and 5 respectively. To get a specific program title, the search button 509 is actuated, which causes FIG. 16 to logically overlay the display 500. FIG. 16 shows a first display 1600 of an interactive alphanumeric selection sequence. First, all alphabetic titles are sorted into groups of five or less. If, for example, Nova was the title of the desired program, the active area would be moved from its initial position (either at the top of the display or at the last group selected) to the group of letters containing the letter N using the up arrow 52 or the down arrow 54 as shown in FIG. 17 followed by actuation of the select (✓) button 64. This sequence would cause FIG. 18 to logically overlay FIG. 17. In FIG. 18, the active area is moved from its initial location at M to the location of N as shown in FIG. 17 followed again by actuation of the s I ct (✓) button 64 causes the display 2000 of FIG. 20 to overlay FIG. 19. In display 2000 are single instances of the first two letters, such as NYPD Blue is the only instance of N followed by Y, and multiple instances of the two letter string as denoted by the double right pointing arrows by NO. To continue the search for Nova, the active area is moved to the line containing NO of display 2000 as shown in FIG. 21 using the down arrow 56 and actuating the select (*) button 64, which causes display 2200 of FIG. 22 to overlay display 2000. Now, Nova is the only instance of a program beginning with NOV, so the entire title Nova appears in FIG. 22. By moving the active area to the line labeled NOVA in display 2200 and actuating the select (✓), button 64 causes the display 2300 shown in FIG. 23 to overlay display 2200 with a schedule of times and channels for the program series Nova.

FIG. 23 is a one week schedule that is laid out as a logical three dimensional grid. The days of the week are displayed along one side, in this case vertically along the left side, of the display 2300. Time of day is displayed along a perpendicular side, in this case horizontally across the top, for a twenty-four hour period. Thus, if an episode of *N va* is scheduled at 8:00 p.m. on Sunday, a box of contrasting shade will be located in the intersection of the Sunday row and in the 8:00 p.m. column. The active area 2302 can be moved horizontally by arrows 56, 58 and vertically by arrows 52, 54 of keypad 50. If there are multiple occurrences of Nova on a particular night at a particular time, that fact is shown by a box, located at the intersection of the row of that day and the column of that time, having an asterisk (*) located in the box. The asterisk (*) indicates the presence of a logical stack of multiple programs of Nova appearing on competing channels, such as occurs on Wednesday night at 8:00 p.m. To move or navigate through a stack of programs (or stack of episodes of programs with the same name, for example) on a particular day at a particular time slot, the viewer uses the double up arrows button 60 and the double down arrows button 62 for this third degree of freedom. Because the display 2300 may require greater visual discrimination than program title as a matter of course, the frame information window 1904 is larger than usual for display 2300. Further, frame 2304 is annotated with arrows indicating the existence of program episodes above or below the active areas' position in the stack. If the cable 16 has access to 300 plus 'channels' of programming, it is conceivable that some programs, such as Nova will be offered by more than one channel at the same time. As described previously, once the viewer has moved the active area to a particular entry in two or three dimensions and actuates the **s** lect (\checkmark) button 64, a selection is made. In this case, the selection sets an alarm to record a specific channel at a specific time at some day in the near future.

Referring back to FIGs. 1 and 2, overall operation of the apparatus of the invention is described. Program schedule

data is supplied via the cable 16. The program schedule data is either transmitted periodically and the STB 12 receives this program schedule data and stores it in RAM 40. Alternatively, all or part of the program schedule data could be dynamically requested and received by STB 12, which stores it in RAM 40. Program data such as this is commercially available from TVData, Inc. and other similar concerns. The data or records of the program schedule data are in a pre-arranged format, such as Microsoft Access or some other similar database format, to facilitate rapid storage, sorting and retrieval by CPU 34. Each record of a TV program has its date of appearance, its time of appearance, its title, its channel and/or network, its categorizations, and a textual or visual preview (if any). A listing of a prototype program that sorts, displays and interactively responds to a viewer's input is shown in the CPU program listing given below. This listing is in Visual Basic programming language of Microsoft Corporation.

The Visual Basic prototype program consists of a collection of forms, each form having its own set of event handlers. In this case, the only significant external events are button actuations because of the remote control interface. A frame form provides the background and information and status bars used by most of the individual displays. A rolodex form provides the menus. The other forms are mostly schedule or list displays of various kinds, including specialized varieties such as the alphanumeric selection list form.

The control part of the program begins with a procedure which loads all forms and activates the frame and rolodex, i.e. the top display, to begin. Forms hand off control by setting a return code and hiding themselves, thereby activating the form directly beneath (usually the frame). Both the frame form and the rolodex form perform different actions depending on the value of the return code. The frame form's most common action is to activate another form, and much of the control flow of the application is handled by the frame form code. The rolodex form is used to display several different menu hierarchies, most importantly view selection and filter choice.

```
===== COMING form code ======
             This form displays a TV schedule for several hours of one day.
             This v rsion uses drawing methods for the program shapes
              as opposed to creating a control shape for each program;
              and "point & shoot" or "visually closest" navigation.
            Option Explicit
            Dim allData(E) As snapshot 'all data within time period
            Dim filterData(8) As snapshot 'a snapshot for each day in the view
    10
            Dim NDays As Integer 'number of days in display
           Dim NSlots As Integer
                                     number of time slots in display
           Dim NStation As Integer
                                   'number of stations in display
           Dim MaxStation As Integer 'total number of stations in database
           Dim colorField As String 'the database field that determines item color
   15
                                   '(the field should contain an integer)
          Dim inPreview As Integer 'boolean 'should the preview message show?
          Const sideGap \approx .05 'space at beginning and end of program
          Const topGAP = 4 'space btwn time label and first program shape
          Dim refDate 'reference date for data time slots
          Const lblHeight * 40 height of day and time labels (in 500 scale)
   20
          Const MINProgWidth = .2 minimum width of a program shape as fraction of slot
          Dim slotsPerDay As Integer 'number of slots allowed per day
          Dim currDay 'number of current day
          Dim startTime 'start day and time of display
         Dim TSBegin As Long 'first time slot
  25
         Dim TSEnd As Long last time slot
         Dim TScurrent As Long 'current time slot
         Dim rowOffset
                       'distance between (tops of) rows in the schedule
         Sub ApplyFilter ()
  30
         filter program data, keeping only the programs that match the query in filters(TV)
         'also makes sure the number of stations is correct
         'and the DB field determining the color is set
            Dim i As Integer 'counter
            If InStr(filters(currDomain), "Station") Then
                NStation = 10 'note: this probably should be a variable or const, not 10
            Else
                NStation = MaxStation
                colorField = "Category"
 40
            End If
            For : = 1 To NDays
                allData(i).Filter = filters(currDomain)
                Set filterData(i) = allData(i).CreateSnapshot()
           Next:
45
        End Sub
       Sub ChangeSel (d As String)
        Performs the navigation according to the direction parameter
           Dim current, firstMatch 'database markers
           Dim success As Integer 'boolean
50
           Dim s As Integer 'station
```

9

```
'FinishTS (end)
           Dim e
                            'time-slot
           Dim TS As Long
           Dim F As snapshot
           Dim aDay As Integer
5
           Dim dist 'distance
           Dim best As Long, bestMark 'as database marker
           'set info about current place in database
           current = filterData(currDay).Bookmark
           Set F = filterData(currDay)
                                                            ١
10
           s = F("Station")
           e = F("FinishTS")
           TS = TScurrent
           aDay = currDay
           success = Faise
           best = 9999
            If d = "Right" Then
                check immediate right
                F.MoveNext
                If Not F.EOF Then
20
                    TS = F("StartTS")
                    'success = same station and starts right after current program
                    success = (F("Station") = s) And (TS <= e + 1)
                End If
                If Not success Then
25
                'check all to right for "closest"
                    F.MoveFirst
                    While Not F.EOF
                        If F("FinishTS") > e Then
                             dist = VDistHoriz(s, e, F("Station"), F("StartTS"))
                             If dist <= best Then
 30
                                 'save best so far
                                 best = dist
                                 success = True
                                 bestMark = F.Bookmark
                             End If
 35
                         End If
                         F. MoveNext
                     Wend
                     If success Then
                          'move to the best one
                         F.Bookmark = bestMark
  40
                         TS = F("StartTS")
                     End If
                 End If
             ElseIf d = "Left" Then
                  check immediate left
  45
                 F.MovePrevious
                  If Not F.BOF Then
                      'success = same station and finishes right before current program
                      success = (F("Station") = s) And (F("FinishTS") >= TS - 1)
                      TS = F("StartTS")
                  End If
  50
```

```
If Not success Then
                    'check all to left for "closest"
                       F.MoveFirst
    5
                       While Not F.EOF
                           If F("StartTS") < TScurrent Then</pre>
                               dist = VDistHoriz(F(*Station*), F(*FinishTS*), s. TScurrent)
                               If dist < best Then
                                   'keep best so far
                                                             1
                                   best = dist
   10
                                   success = True
                                   bestMark = F.Bookmark
                               End If
                          End If
                          F.MoveNext
   15
                      Wend
                      If success Then
                          'move to best one
                          F.Bookmark = bestMark
                          TS = F("StartTS")
                      End If
  20
                 End If
              ElseIf d = "Down" Then
                 'check all programs below current one, keeping "closest"
                 While Not F.EOF
                     If F("Station") > s Then
  25
                         dist = VDistVert(s, TScurrent, e, F("Station"), F("StartTS").
         F("FimishTS");
                         If dist < best Then
                             best = dist
                             success = True
                             bestMark = F.Bookmark
 30
                         End If
                     End If
                     F. MoveNext
                 Wend
                 If success Then
 35
                     F.Bookmark = bestMark
                     TS = F("StartTS")
                End If
            ElseIf d = "Up" Then
                "check all programs above current one, keeping "closest"
                While Not F.BOF
 40
                    If F("Station") < s Then</pre>
                        dist = VDistVert(s, TScurrent, e, F("Station"), F("StartTS"),
        F("FinishTS"))
                        If dist < best Then
                            best = dist
o 45
                            success = True
                            bestMark = F.Bookmark
                        End If
                    End If
                   F.McvePrevious
                Wend
50
                If success Then
```

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```
F. Bookmark = bestMark
                     TS = F("StartTS")
                 End If
             End If
  5
             If success Then
                  'update variables and display
                 TScurrent = TS
                 currDay = aDay
                                                                                         1
                 DisplayProg
  10
             Else
                  'restore old position in databasse
                 filterData(currDay).Bookmark = current
             End If
         End Sub
  15
         Sub DisplayProg ()
         'set current program info in info box
         thighlight the appropriate program shape in the display
             Dim F As snapshot
  20
             Dim msg As String
             Set F = filterData(currDay)
             'set highlight
             shpProg(0).Visible = False
  25
             selector.Visible = False
             Position shp?rog(0), F("Start"), F("Finish"), F("Station")
             CPlace 0, selector. shpProg(0)
             shpProg(0).Visible = True
             selector. Visible = True
30
             'message for info box
             msg = StationString(F("Station")) & " - " & F("Title") & " "
             msg = msg & Format(F("Start"), "h:mm AM/PM")
             msg = msg & " to " & Format(F("Finish"), "h:mm AM/PM")
             SetInfo msg, Color(F(colorField) Mod 9)
  35
         End Sub
          Sub DoPreview ()
          'Construct an appropriate preview message and display it
             Dim msg As String
  40
             msg = "Station: " & StationString(filterData(currDay)("Station"))
             msg = msg & Chr(13) & "Title: " & filterData(currDay)("Title") & Chr(13)
              msg = msg & CategoryString((filterData(currDay)("Type")).
          (filterData(currDay)("Category")))
              msg = msg & Chr(13) & "Time: " & Format(filterData(currDay)("Start"), "mmm d.yy
 -15
          h:mm AM/PM";
             msg = msg & Chr(13) & " to " & Format(filterData(currDay)("Finish"), "h:mm
          AM/PM*)
              'show popup with preview message
  50
              popup.Caption = msg
```

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```
popup.Top = lblTime(1).Top + 2 * lblTim (1).Height
              popup.Left = 2
              popup.Width = slotsPerDay - 3
              popup.Visible = True
   5
              inPreview = True
          End Sub
          Sub DoSelect ()
           set selection info and go to TV
  10 .
              userStation = filterData(currDay)("Station")
                                                                                           1
              userStart = filterData(currDay)("Start")
              returnCode = TOTY
             Me. Hide
         End Sub
  15
         Sub DrawProg (colorIndex, start, finish, station)
         use drawing methods to draw a program shape
         'note: form.AutoRedraw should be set to true so the drawings are persistant
             Dim L, R, t, B left, right, top, bottom
             Dim dayStart
 20
             Dim edge
             convert a day/time to position in NSlot scale
            dayStart = startTime + currDay - 1
            L = (start - dayStart) * 48
            R = (finish - dayStart) * 48
 25
            clip shapes off at day boundaries
            If L < 0 Then L = 0
            If R > slotsPerDay Then R = slotsPerDay
            'place in correct day, with small gap between programs
            edge = (currDay - 1) * slotsPerDay
 30
            L = L + edge + sideGap
            R = R + edge - sideGap
            'correct for min width to make sure program will show up
           If R - L < MINProgwidth Then R = L - MINProgwidth
            'set top according to station
           'note: this trick will not work if 'favorite stations' are not numbered l..n
35
           rowOffset = ((500 - 2 * lblHeight - shpProg(0).Height) / NStation)
           t = shpSlot(0).Top + topGAP + (station. - 1) * rowOffset
           B = t + shpProg(0).Height
           draw the box with the correct color
           drawwidth = 1
40
           Me.FillStyle = 0 'solid
           Me.FillColor = Color(colorIndex Mod 9)
           Line (L, t)-Step(R - L, B - t), , B - the line command with argument B draws a
       bcx
       End Sub
45
       Sub Form_Activate ()
       make necessary changes to display, reset info and status bars
           Dim i As Integer 'counter
           Static saveFilter As String
50
          If saveFilter = filters(currDomain) Then sameFilter = True
```

13

```
saveFilter = filters(currDomain)
            SetStatus 'TV Coming Up: * & currfilter(TV), gr yCoLOR
            If newUser Then
                popup.Caption = 'Press 'category' to change the kind of programs diplayed."
5
                popup.Visible = True
                newUser = False
            End If
            if not same filter, redo display
            If Not sameFilter Then
10
                 SetInfo "Loading program information...", GREY
                 shpProg(0).Visible = False
                 selector. Visible = False
                 ApplyFilter
                 MakeDisplay
15
             End If
             in every case
             DisplayProg
             If inPreview Then DoPreview
20
         End Sub
         Sub Form_KeyDown (KeyCode As Integer, Shift As Integer)
             Select Case KeyCode
             Case Asc("Q")
                 End
25
             Case B_BACK
                 returnCode = BACK
                 Me.Hide
             Case B_HELP
                  InvokeHelp
 30
             Case B_PREVIEW
                  If inPreview Then
                      popup.Visible = False
                      inPreview = False
                  Else
                      inPreview = True
 35
                  End If
              Case B_RIGHT
                  If Not filterData(currDay).EOF Then ChangeSel ("Right")
              Case B_LEFT
                  If Not filterData(currDay).EOF Then ChangeSel ("Left")
  40
              Case B_UP
                  If Not filterData(currDay).EOF Then ChangeSel ("Up")
              Case B_DOWN
                  If Not filterData(currDay).ECF Then ChangeSel ("Down")
              Case B_SELECT
                  If Not filterData(currDay).EOF Them DoSelect
  45
              Tase B_PAGEDOWN
              Case B_PAGEUP
              Case B_FILTER
                  returnCode = Filter
                  Me.Hide
  50
               Case B_0
```

```
r turnCode = SHORTCUT
               Me.Hide
           End Select
5
            'in any cas
           If inPreview Then
               DoPreview
           Eise
               popup. Visible = False
10
           End If
                                                                                          1
       End Sub
       Sub Form_Load ()
           Dim i As Integer
15
           Dim t 'as time
           'set form colors and fonts
           Me.BackColor = formCOLOR
           shpProg(0).BackColor = BorderColor
           lblDay(0).BackColor = backgroundCOLOR
20
           lbiAM.BackColor = backgroundCOLOR
           lbiPM.BackColor = backgroundCOLOR
           selector.BorderColor = BorderColor
           dayLine(0).BorderColor = divideColor
           lblTime(C).ForeColor = slotCOLOR
25
           shpSlot(0).BorderColor = slotCCLOR
           If displayMode = "TV" Then
               lblDay(0).FontSize = smallFCNT
               lblTime(0).FontSize = smallFONT
               lblAM.FontSize = smallFONT
               lblPM.FontSize = smallFONT
30
               popup.fontSize = mediumFONT
               iblDay(0).FontSize = largeFONT
               lblTime(0).FontSize = largeFONT
               lblAM.FontSize = largeFONT
35
               lblPM.FontSize = largeFONT
               popup.FontSize = largeFONT
           End If
           'set scale and size objects
           SizeAForm Me. DispTop, DispHeight, DispLeft, DispWidth
           Me.Scale (0, 0) - (500, 500)
40
           SizeAControl lblDay(0), 0, lblHeight, 0, 500
           'note: the AM/PM labels would be placed when time is filtered
           SizeAControl lblPM, 0, lblHeight, 0, 30
           SizeAControl 1blam, 0, 1blHeight, 500 - 30, 30
           SizeAControl lblTime(0), lblHeight, lblHeight, 0, 50
45
           SizeAControl shpSlot(3), 2 * lblHeight + .5 * topGAP, 500 - 2 * lblHeight, 0, 50
           SizeAControl popup, 250, 200, 250, 200
           selector.BorderWidth = 1
           dayline(0).Y1 = 0
           dayLine(0).Y2 = 500
            imitialize variables
50
```

```
startTime = fakeToday + fakeTime 'this would be set at activate to current half
       hour
           NDays = 1
            slotsPerDay = 24
5
           NSlots = NDays * slotsPerDay
            sameFilter = False
           sameView = False
            imPreview = False
            'set form scale and place permantent stuff (day and time labels)
10
           Me.ScaleWidth = NSlots
            Load 151Day(1)
            SizeAControl lblDay(1), 0, lblHeight, 0, slotsPerDay
            lblDay(1).Caption = DayString(startTime, "long")
            lblDay(1).Visible = True
            lblTime(0).Width = 1
15
            For i = 1 To slotsPerDay
                Load lblTime(i)
                lblTime(i).Move i - 1
                t = DateAdd("n", 30 * (i - 1), startTime) 'add 30 minute increments
                lblTime(i).Caption = TimeLabel(t)
20
                lblTime(i).Visible = True
                lblTime(i).ZOrder
            Next i
            InputData
            Form_Activate
25
            sameView = True
        End Sub
        Sub InputData ()
        part of form_load
30
        opens the database and creates allData snapshots
            Dim DB As database
            Dim RefSnap As snapshot
            Set DB = OpenDatabase(TVDB)
35
            'get reference date and number of stations
            Set RefSnap * DB.CreateSnapshot("Reference")
            RefSnap.FindFirst 'Name = 'Date'"
            refDate = DateValue(RefSnap("Data"))
            RefSnap.FindFirst 'Name = 'NStations'*
40
            MaxStation = Val(RefSnap("Data"))
            Set allData(0) = DB.CreateSnapshot("Programs")
            'assumes data already sorted
45
            filter for particular time period; would happen at each half-hour change
            TSBegin = Abs(DateDiff('n', startTime, refDate) \ 30)
            TSEnd = TSBegin + slotsPerDay - 1 'check that slotsPerDay is set
            allData(0).Filter = Overlap(TSBegin, TSEnd)
            Set allData(1) = allData(0).CreateSnapshot()
50
            Set allData(0) = Nothing 'won't be needing everything
```

End Sub

55

```
Sub MakeDisplay ()
        treate the display of programs from the data
 5
            Dim : As Integer 'count r
            Dim d As Integer 'day
            Dim F As snapshot 'convenience
            If Not sameView Then
 10
                'would need to reset captions for times and day
            End If
            'place program shapes
            Cls 'clear the form of previous drawings
            DoEvents 'make it so
15
            For d = 1 To NDays
               currDay = d
                'draw lines to separate time slors
               For i = C To slotsPerDay
                    drawwidth = 4
20
                   Line (i, shpSlot(0).Top)-(i, 500), slotCOLOR
               Next i
               'draw program shape for each program in data
               Set F = filterData(d)
               If Not F.EOF Then
                   F.MoveFirst
25
                   Do While Not F.EOF
                       DrawProg F(colorField), F("Start"), F("Finish"), F("Station")
                   Loop
                   F.MoveFirst
30
               End If
           Next d
           'initialize stuff
           TScurrent = TSBegin
           currDay = 1
35
           shpProg(0).ZOrder
           selector.ZOrder
           Set F = filterData(currDay)
           'find a program to start on
           Do While TScurrent <= TSEnd
40
               F.FindFirst Overlap(TScurrent, TScurrent)
               If Not F. NoMatch Then
                   DisplayProg
                   Exit Do
               End If
               TScurrent = TScurrent + 1
45
           2000
           'make sure TScurrent is in range
           If TScurrent > TSEnd Then TScurrent = TSBegin
       End Sub
50
       Sub Position (shape As Control, start, finish, station)
```

```
'position a program shape control
           Dim relativ L. relativeW, dayStart
           Dim edge
           'convert a day/time to position in NSlot scale
5
           dayStart = startTime + currDay - 1
           relativeL = (start - dayStart) * 48
           relativeW = (finish - dayStart) * 48 - relativeL
           'clip shapes off at day boundaries
           If relativeL < 0 Then
10
              relativeW = relativeW + relativeL
               relativeL = 0
           End If
           If relativeW + relativeL > slotsPerDay Then relativeW = slotsPerDay - relativeL
           'set left and width of shape. leaving small gap between programs
           edge = (currDay - 1) * slotsPerDay
15
           shape.Left = relativeL + edge + sideGap
           shape.Width = relativeW - 2 * sideGap
           'set minimum width so program is visible
           If shape.Width < MINProgWidth Then shape.Width = MINProgWidth
           'set top according to station
           'note: this will not work if "favorite" stations are not numbered 1..n
20
           rowOffset = ((500 - 2 * 1blHeight - shpProg(0).Height) / NStation)
           shape.Top = shpSlot(0).Top + topGAP + (station - 1) * rowOffset
       End Sub
       Function VDistHoriz (station), finish, station2, start)
25
       'computes a value for the "visual" left-right distance between two programs
       'requires that the earlier program come first
       'note: needs refinement, does not work satisfactorily, especially with crowded
       displays
           Dim deltaR, deltaT 'change in row and time
30
           Dim rowl, row2
           rowl = station1
           row2 = station2
            'note: row calculations could be more complicated if stations not numbered 1...n
           deltaR = Abs(row1 - row2) * (100 / NStation)
35
           deltaT = (start - finish) * (100 / slotsPerDay)
            'penalize programs that are more up&down than to side
            If deltaT <= 1 Then deltaT = (finish + 3 - start) * (100 / slotsPerDay)
            If deltaT < 1 Then deltaT = 100 / slotsPerDay'don't allow zero
            VDistHoriz = deltaR + deltaT
40
       End Function
       Function VDistVert (station1, start1, finish1, station2, start2, finish2)
        computes a value for the "visual" up-down distance between two programs
        'note: needs refinement
            Dim deltaR, deltaT 'change in row and time
45
            Dim rowl, row2
            rowl = station1
            row2 = station2
            'note: row calculations could be more complicated if stations not numbered l..n.
50
            deltaR = Abs(rowl - row2) / NStation
```

```
If start1 > finish2 Then
                deltaT = Abs(start1 - finish2)
            ElseIf start2 > finish1 Then
                deltaT = Abs(start2 - finish1)
5
            Else
                deltaT = 0
            End If
            VDistVert = deltaR + 2 * deltaT
        End Function
10
        '===== FRAME form code ======
        'This form owns the standard info and status bars and allows
        ' transfer of control from form to form.
       Option Explicit
15
        Sub Form_Activate ()
        'decides which other form should show in its display area
            Select Case returnCode
            Case SHOWVIEW
                views(currDomain).Show
20
           Case PICK
               frmSelect.Show
           Case TOTV
               frmTV.Show
           Case LASTVIEW
                sameFilter = True
25
               views(currDomain).Show
           Case STARTUP
                'do nothing--don't want rolodex to show yet
           Case Else
               frmDex.Show
30
           End Select
       End Sub
       Sub Form_KeyDown (KeyCode As Integer, Shift As Integer)
           If KeyCode = Asc("Q") Then
                End
35
           End If
       End Sub
       Sub Form_Load ()
            'set colors and fonts
40
           Me.BackColor = formCOLOR
           sspInfo.FontSize = mediumFONT
            sspStatus.FontSize = mediumFONT
            'use builtin object to size background
            ScrWidth = Screen.Width
            ScrHeight = Screen.Height
45
            If displayMode = 'mini' Then
                'for taking screen prints
                ScrHeight = ScrHeight * .54
                ScrWidth = ScrWidth * .712
                displayMode = "TV"
50
```

```
'resize to fit TV
                ScrHeight = ScrHeight * .63
            End If
5
            's t form to fill scre n
            frmFrame.Top = C
            frmFrame.Height = ScrHeight
            frmFrame.Left = 0
            frmFrame.Width = ScrWidth
            'info line at top of screen
10
            sspInfo.Visible = True
            'status line at bottom of screen
            sspStatus.Visible = True
            'define available display area
            DispTop = sspInfo.Height + 1.5
            DispHeight = frmFrame.Height - (sspStatus.Height + 1.5) - DispTop
.15
            DispLeft = 0
            DispWidth = frmFrame.Width
        End Sub
        Sub SetupStatus ()
20
        End Sub
        '===== LIST form code ======
        'This code is used for all three list forms (TV, Movies, Shopping)
        Option Explicit
        Dim DB As database 'full database with indexes
25
        Dim BlinkControl As Control 'set to blinking object (currently none)
        Dim itemSelected As Integer 'from 1 to MAXDISPLAY
        Dim locSelected As Integer 'from 1 to MAXLOC
        Dim inPreview As Integer 'boolean
30
        Dim captionField As String 'the database field that is used for display
        Dim startTime 'the start time for the TV list
        Dim TS As Long 'the time slot for the TV list
        Dim rowOffset 'difference between tops of two consecutive reduced items
        Dim browsing As String 'type of current shopping list
        Dim colorField As String 'field which determines color (should be of type integer)
35
        'display parameters
        Const MAXDISPLAY = 6 'Number of items in close up
        Dim MAXITEM As Integer 'Number of items in whole list
        Dim MAXLOC As Integer 'Number of locator positions
 40
        Dim whichrItem(MAXDISPLAY) As Integer 'which rItems are in the current display
        'define sizes of locator and selector
        Const GAP = 10 'space around lists
        Const EXTRA = 70 'room for longer programs
        Const reducedEXTRA = 20 'room for longer programs in reduced rep
 45
                            'reduced list
        Const T = 50
        Const H = 1000 - 2 * T
        Const loc1 = 30
                              'display area
        Const locW = 100
        Const dispL = locW + 2 * locL
 50
        Const dispW = 1000 - dispL - locL
```

```
'database snapshots
           Dim allData As snapshot
          Dim itemData As snapshor
          Dim storeData As snapsh t
          Dim deptData As snapshot
          Dim stuffData As snapshot
          Dim filterData As snapshot
          Dim marker(1000) As String 'bookmark's of each MAXDISPLAY items
  10
          Dim locStart(1000) 'rItem index for start of locator
          Sub ApplyFilter ()
          'filter the data according to user choice
             Dim sortString As String
  15
              If Me Is TVlist Then
                 captionField = "Title"
                 sortString = --
                 colorField = "Type"
             ElseIf Me Is MOVlist Then
 20
                 If sameView Then
                     'keep allData as it is
                 Else
                     'reset allData to all movies
                     LoadData
 25
                     allData.Filter = viewFilter
                     Set allData = allData.CreateSnapshot()
                 End If
                 captionField = "Title"
                 sortString = "Title"
                colorField = "Type"
 30
            ElseIf Me Is SHOPlist Then
                'note: This would all be done totally differently. Don't bother
                       understanding it, just rewrite it.
                Select Case filters(currDomain)
                Case "store"
35
                    browsing = "store"
                    Set allData = storeData
                    captionField = "name"
                    filters(currDomain) = **
                    sortString = "name"
                    colorField = --
40
                Case 'dept'
                    browsing = "dept"
                    deptData.FindFirst *name = '* & userString & *'*
                   userString = "" 'fix--this is cheating, I shouldn't use userString
                    If deptData.NoMatch Then
45
                        Set allData = deptData
                        filters(currDomain) = ""
                   Else
                       browsing = "stuff"
                       filters(currDomain) = "{dept code} = " & deptData("code")
                       Set allData = stuffData
50
                   End If
```

```
captionField = "name"
                   sortString = "name"
                   colorField = ""
               Case "item"
5
                   browsing = "item"
                   Set allData = itemData
                   captionField = "name"
                    colorField = "
                  filters(currDomain) = "name like '" & userString & """
                    sortString = 'name'
10
               Case Else
                    browsing = "stuff"
                    captionField = "name"
                    sortString = "name"
                    colorField = "(item code)"
                    Set allData = stuffData
15
                End Select
            End If
            allData.Filter = filters(currDomain)
            If filters(currDomain) = ** Then
                allData.FindFirst "Not " & captionField & " = ""
20
                allData.FindFirst allData.Filter
            End If
            If allData.NoMatch Then
25
                MAXITEM = 0
                MAXITEM = 1 'temporary setting just to make sure it isn't 0
            Else
                 Set filterData = allData.CreateSnapshot()
                 filterData.Sort = sortString
                 Set filterData = filterData:CreateSnapshot()
 30
             End If
         End Sub
         Sub BlinkStart (C As Control, vis)
             Set BlinkControl = C
 35
             BlinkControl Visible = vis
             tmrBlink.Enabled = True
         End Sub
         Sub BlinkStop (vis)
             tmrBlink.Enabled = False
  40
             If BlinkControl Is Nothing Then
                  'do nothing
              Else
                 BlinkControl.Visible = True
             End If
              Set BlinkControl = Nothing
  45
          End Sub
          Sub ChangeLoc (direct As String)
          'page up or down with the locator
              Select Case direct
   50
```

22

```
Case "Up"
                   If locs lected > 1 Th n
                       locSelected = locSelected - 1
  5
                      RedoDisplay
                  End If
              Case "Down"
                  If locSelected < MAXLOC Then
                      locSelected = locSelected + 1
                      RedoDisplay
  10
                                                                           1
                  End If
              End Select
          End Sub
         Sub ChangeSel (direct As String)
          'navigate up or down one selection
  15
             Select Case direct
             Case "up"
                 If itemSelected > 1 Then
                      'move up within current display
                      itemSelected = itemSelected - 1
 20
                     selector.Top = itemBox(itemSelected).Top - GAP
                     rItem(0).Top = rItem(whichrItem(itemSelected)).Top
                     rItem(0).Left = locL - GAP
                     rItem(0).Width = locW + 2 * GAP
                     SetItemInfo
                 ElseIf locSelected > 1 Then
 25
                     'display previous section of list
                     itemSelected = MAXDISPLAY
                     locSelected = locSelected - 1
                     RedoDisplay
                End If
 30
           Case "Down"
                If itemSelected < MAXDISPLAY Then
                     'move down within current display
                     'do not move to select an empty item
                    If (locSelected - 1) * MAXDISPLAY + itemSelected < MAXITEM Then
35
                        itemSelected = itemSelected + 1
                        selector.Top = itemBox(itemSelected).Top - GAP
                        rltem(0).Top = rltem(whichrltem(itemSelected)).Top
                        rItem(0).Left = locL - GAP
                        rItem(0).Width = locW + 2 * GAP
                        SetItemInfo
40
                ElseIf locSelected < MAXLOC Then
                    'display next section of list
                    itemSelected = 1
                    locSelected = locSelected + 1
45
                    RedoDisplay
                End If
            End Select
           rItem(0).Visible = True
       End Sub
50
       Sub DoPreview ()
```

23

```
'show preview window and preview locator
           Dim i As Integer 'counter
           inPreview = True
5
           hide other stuff
           locator. Visible = False
           selector. Visible = False
           For i = 1 To MAXDISPLAY
                itemBox(i).Visible = False
10
                leftArrow(i).Visible = False
                rightArrow(i).Visible = False
           Next i
           previewWin.Caption = "Getting preview..."
15
           previewWin.ZOrder
           previewWin.Visible = True
           ShowPreview
       End Sub
20
       Sub DoSelect ()
        'act on the current selected item
            If Me Is TVlist Then
                'set selection data and go to TV
25
                userStation = filterData("Station")
                userStart = filterData("Start")
                returnCode = TOTV
                Me.Hide
            ElseIf Me Is MOVlist Then
                 'display 'order movie' message
30
                sameFilter = True
                TellUser "You would be asked to confirm your order of " &
        filterData("Title")
            ElseIf Me Is SHCPlist Then
                 Select Case browsing
 35
                 Case "stuff"
                     sameFilter = True
                     TellUser "You would be asked to confirm your order of " &
        filterData("name")
                 Case "store"
                     filters(currDomain) = "[store code] = " & filterData("code")
 40
                     Form_Activate
                 Case "item"
                     filters(currDomain) = "[item code] = " & filterData("code")
                     Form_Activate
              . Case "dept"
 45
                     filters(currDomain) = "{dept code} = " & filterData("code")
                     Form_Activate
                 End Select
             End If
         End Sub
```

50

55

```
Sub EndPreview ()
        'go back to r gular list op ration
           Dim i As Integer 'counter
5
           previewWin.Visible = False
           inPreview = False
           locator. Visible = True
           selector. Visible = True
           previewWin.Top = displayList.Top
10
           RedoDisplay
       End Sub
       Sub Form_Activate ()
           Dim 1 As Integer 'counter
           Dim section As Integer 'count the number of locator locations
15
           Dim NVisible As Integer 'tally the visible shapes in a section
           Dim msg As String
           Static saveFilter As String
           Static saveView As String
20
           'check new filters against current filters
           If Not sameView Then sameView = (saveView = viewFilter)
           saveView = viewFilter
           If Not sameFilter = (saveFilter = filters(currDomain))
           saveFilter = filters(currDomain)
25
          SetStatus currView(currDomain) & currFilter(currDomain), greyCOLOR
           If sameFilter And sameView Then
               'keep everything the same as last time
               If newUser And Not Me Is SHOPlist Then
30
                   popup.Caption = "To change the category shown, press the 'Category'
      button. 1
                   popup. Visible = True
                   newUser = False
               End If
               RedoD:splay
35
          Else
               'clean up display
               SetInfo *Selecting data, please wait...*, GREY
               If MAXITEM = 0 Then
                   previewWin.Caption = ""
40
                   previewWin.Visible = False
               End If
               DoEvents
               If inPreview Then EndPreview
              For i = 1 To MAXDISPLAY
45
                    itemBox(i).Caption = ""
               Next i
               For i = 1 To MAXITEM
                  Unload rItem(i)
50
               Next i
```

```
'filter new data
               ApplyFilter
                If MAXITEM = 0 Then
                    'give 'no matches' msg
                    locator. Visible = False
                    rItem(0).Visible = False
                    For i = 1 To MAXDISPLAY
                        MAXITEM = 0
10
                        itemBox(i).Visible = False
                        leftArrow(i).Visible = False
                        rightArrow(i).Visible = False
                   Next i
                   previewWin.Caption = "No matches were found" & Chr(13)
                   previewWin.Caption = previewWin.Caption & 'Press 'Category' to change
15
       the selection.*
                   previewWin.ZOrder
                   previewWin.Visible = True
                    itemSelected = 0
                    locSelected = 0
20
               Else
                    redo list display
                    filterData.MoveLast
                   MAXITEM = filterData.RecordCount
                    'set distance between items
                    rowOffset = (H - rItem(0).Height) / MAXITEM
25
                   If rowOffset > rItem(0).Height + GAP Then rowOffset = rItem(0).Height -
       GAP 'max distance
                    rItem(0).Visible = False
                   rItem(0).Top = T
                   rItem(0).Left = locL + reducedEXTRA
30
                    rItem(0).Width = locW - 2 * reducedEXTRA
                    rItem(0).BackColor = itemCOLOR
                    filterData.MoveFirst
                    'size and place the item shapes
                    'and set section bookmarks
35
                    section = 0
                                  'number of locator locations
                    NVisible = MAXDISPLAY 'so first section will be marked correctly
                    For i = 1 To MAXITEM
                        Load rItem(i)
                        If colorField <> ** Then
                            rItem(i).BackColor = Cclor(Val(filterData(cclorField)) Mod 9)
40
                        End If
                        NVisible = NVisible + 1
                        rItem(i).Top = T + (i - 1) * rowOffset
                        If NVisible > MAXDISPLAY Then
                        'begin a new locator location
45
                            section = section - 1
                            locStart(section) = 1
                            marker(section) = filterData.Bookmark
                            NVisible = 1
                        End If
                        If Me Is TVlist Then
50
                            'set length of reduced item
```

```
If filterData("StartTS") < TS Then</pre>
                                 rItem(i).Left = rItem(i).Left - reducedEXTRA
                                 rItem(i).Width = rIt m(i).Width + reducedEXTRA
                             End If
5
                             If filterData("FinishTS") > TS Then
                                 rItem(i).Width = rItem(i).Width - reducedEXTRA
                             End If
                         End If
                        rItem(i).ZOrder
10
                        rItem(i).Visible = True
                        filterData.MoveNext
                    Next i
                    MAXLOC = section
                    locStart(section + 1) = MAXITEM + 1
15
                    'set length of minselector (use rItem(0))
                    rItem(0).Left = locL - GAP
                    rItem(0).Width = locW + 2 * GAP
                    'initialize selector and locator
20
                    itemSelected = 1
                    locSelected = 1
                    locator.Visible = True
                    rItem(0).BackColor = highlightCoLoR
                    'set the captions in the itemBoxes
                   RedoDisplay
25
               End If
           End If
       End Sub
       Sub Form_KeyDown (KeyCode As Integer, Shift As Integer)
30
           popup.Visible = False
           Select Case KeyCode
           Case Asc("Q")
               End
           Case B_BACK
               If Me Is SHOPlist And browsing = 'item" Then
35
                    'not exactly what we want
                    returnCode = ALPHA
                   Me Hide
               Else
                   returnCode = BACK
40
                    Me.Hide
               End If
           Case B_HELP
               InvokeHelp
           Case B_PREVIEW
               If inPreview Then
45
                   EndPreview
               Else
                   DoPreview
               End If
           Case B_SELECT
50
               If MAXITEM > 0 Then DoSelect
```

```
Case B_UP
               If MAXITEM > 0 Then ChangeS 1 ("Up")
           Case B_DOWN
               If MAXITEM > 0 Then ChangeSel ("Down")
5
           Case B_RIGHT
               If Me Is TVlist Then
                   returnCode = COMING
                   Me.Hide
               End If
10
           Case B_LEFT
           Case B_PAGEUP
               If inPreview Then
                    'scroll preview
                   If previewWin.Top < displayList.Top Then
                        'move preview window down a screen
15
                        previewWin.Top = previewWin.Top + displayList.Height
                   End If
               Else
                   If MAXITEM > 0 Then ChangeLoc ("Up")
               End If
20
           Case B_PAGEDOWN
               If inPreview Then
                    'scroll preview
                   If previewWin.Top + previewWin.Height > displayList.Top +
       displayList Height Then
                        'move preview window up a screen
25
                        previewWin.Top = previewWin.Top - displayList.Height
                    End If
                Else
                    If MAXITEM > 0 Then ChangeLoc ("Down")
                End If
30
           Case B_FILTER
                If Not Me Is SHOPlist Then
                    returnCode = Filter
                    Me.Hide
                End If
            Case B_0
35
                returnCode = SHORTCUT
                Me.Hide
            End Select
        End Sub
40
        Sub Form_Load ()
            Dim i As Integer 'counter
            Dim itemRoom
            'set colors and fonts
            itemBox(0).FontSize = largeFONT
 45
            leftArrow(0).FontSize = largeFONT
            rightArrow(0).FontSize = largeFONT
            If displayMode = "PC" Then
                popup.FontSize = largeFONT
                previewWin.FontSize = largeFONT
 50
            Else
```

```
previewWin.FontSize = mediumFONT
                popup.FontSize = smallFONT
            End If
            rIt m(0).BackColor = itemCOLOR
5
            s lector.FillColor = highlightCOLOR
            displayList.FillColor = backgroundCOLOR
            previewWin.BackColor = backgroundCOLOR
            locator.FillColor = backgroundCOLOR
            itemBox(0).BackColor = itemCOLOR
10
            leftArrow(0).BackColor = itemCOLOR
            rightArrow(0).BackColor = itemCOLOR
            shpSlot.BorderColor = slotCOLOR
            'size the objects to the screen
            SizeAForm Me. DispTop, DispHeight, DispLeft, DispWidth
           Me.Scale (0, 0)-(1000, 1000)
15
            SizeAControl locator, T - GAP, H + GAP, locL - GAP, locW + 2 * GAP
            SizeAControl shpSlot, T, H, locL + reducedEXTRA, locW - 2 * reducedEXTRA
            SizeAControl displayList, T - GAP, H + GAP, dispL, dispW
           SizeAControl popup, dispW / 2, 4 * locW, dispW / 2, 4 * locW
           CPlace 1, previewWin, displayList
20
           locator.ZOrder
            shpSlot.ZOrder
           rItem(0).ZOrder
           itemRoom = H / MAXDISPLAY
           SizeAControl itemBox(0), T + (.5 * GAP), itemRoom - GAP, dispL + EXTRA, dispW -
       2 * EXTRA
25
           SizeAControl patch(0), 50, (6.8 * itemBox(0).Height), (12.3 * itemBox(0).Width),
        (7 * itemBox(0).Height)
           If displayMode = "TV" Then
               patch(0).Left = 8.08 * itemBox(0).Width
               patch(0).Height = 3.7 * itemBox(0).Height
30
           End If
           SizeAControl leftArrow(0), T + (.5 * GAP), itemRoom - GAP, dispL, EXTRA
           SizeAControl rightArrow(0), T + (.5 * GAP), itemRoom - GAP, dispL + dispW -
       EXTRA. EXTRA
           SizeAControl selector, T, itemRoom + GAP, dispL, dispW
            selector.ZOrder
35
            For i = 1 To MAXDISPLAY
                'Load itemBox(i) 'Now created at design time--fixed number (6)
                itemBox(i).Visible = False
                CCopy itemBox(0), itemBox(i)
                patch(i).Visible = False
40
                CPlace 0, patch(i), patch(0)
                itemBox(i).Top = itemBox(0).Top + (i - 1) * itemRoom
                Load leftArrow(i)
                leftArrow(i).Top = itemBox(i).Top
                Load rightArrow(i)
                rightArrow(i).Top = itemBox(i).Top
45
           Next i
            load the list data and set up the display
            sameFilter = False
           sameView = False
50
            LoadData
```

```
Form_Activate
           sameFilter = True
       End Sub
5
       Function ItemString () As String
       'set msg to be used in info bar
           Dim msg As String
           If Me Is TVlist Then
               msg = Formar(filterData("Title")) & " on "
10
               msg = msg & StationString(filterData("Station")) & ", "
               msg = msg & TimeString(filterData("Start")) & " to "
               msg = msg & TimeString(filterData("Finish"))
           ElseIf Me Is MOVlist Then
               msg = Format(filterData("Title"))
15
               msg = msg & ", " & Format(filterData("Year"))
           ElseIf Me Is SHOPlist Then
               Select Case browsing
               Case "stuff"
                   msg = Format(filterData(*name*)) & " - $" & Format(filterData(*price*))
20
               End Select
           End If
           ItemString = msg
       End Function
       Sub LoadData ()
25
           Dim refSnap As snapshot
           Dim refDate
           'load in the database as a snapshot
           If Me Is TVlist Then
30
               startTime = fakeToday + fakeTime
               Set DB = OpenDatabase(TVDB)
               Set refSnap = DB.CreateSnapshot("Reference")
               refSnap.FindFirst 'Name = 'Date''
               refDate = DateValue(refSnap(*Data*))
               Set allData = DB.CreateSnapshot("Programs")
35
               'filter for time would really happen at activate
               TS = (startTime - refDate) * 48
               allData.Filter = Overlap(TS, TS)
               Set allData = allData.CreateSnapshot()
           ElseIf Me Is MCVlist Then
40
               Set DB = OpenDatabase(MVDB)
               Set allData = DB.CreateSnapshot("Movies")
           ElseIf Me Is SHOPlist Then
               Set DB = OpenDatabase(SPDB)
               Set itemData = DB.CreateSnapshot("Items")
               Set storeData = DB.CreateSnapshot("Stores")
45
               Set deptData = DB.CreateSnapshot("Departments")
               Set stuffData = DB.CreateSnapshot("Stuff")
           End If
       End Sub
50
       Sub RedoDisplay ()
```

30

```
'set the captions in the itemBoxes to correspond to items in locator
        reposition locator and selector, update info box
            Dim last As Integer
5
            Dim i As Integ r
            Dim Index As Integer 'index of rItem
            If MAXITEM = 0 Then Exit Sub
            figure first item location
10
            filterData.Bookmark = marker(locSelected)
            Index = locStart(locSelected)
            For i = 1 To MAXDISPLAY
                If filterData.EOF Then
                    'hide empty itemBox
15
                    itemBox(i).Caption = ""
                    itemBox(i).Visible = False
                    leftArrow(i).Visible = False
                    rightArrow(i).Visible = False
                Else
20
                    whichrItem(i) = Index 'so we can highlight the correct rItem (reduced
        item)
                    If colorField <> "" Then itemBox(i).BackColor =
        Color(filterData(colorField) Mod 9)
                    itemBox(i).Caption = filterData(captionField)
                    If Not inPreview Then itemBox(i).Visible = True
25
                    If Me Is TVlist And Not inPreview Then
                        'show arrows to reflect program length
                        If filterData("StartTS") < TS Then
                            leftArrow(i).BackColor = itemBox(i).BackColor
                            leftArrow(i).Visible = True
30
                        Else
                            leftArrow(i).Visible = False
                        End If
                        If filterData("FinishTS") > TS Then
                            rightArrow(i).BackColor = itemBox(i).BackColor
                            rightArrow(i).Visible = True
35
                        Else
                            rightArrow(i).Visible = False
                        End If
                        'show color patch for subcategory
                        patch(i).FillColor = Color(filterData("Category") Mod 9)
40
                        patch(i).Visible = True
                    End If
                    last = i
                    Index = Index + 1
                    filterData.MoveNext
               End If
45
           Next:
            'Do not allow blank to be selected
           If itemSelected > last Then
               itemSelected = last
50
           End If
```

31

```
'fix the rest of the display
           displayList.Height = H + 2 * GAP - (H / MAXDISPLAY * (MAXDISPLAY - last!)
        'display list shrinks when fewer than MAXDISPLAY items displayed
5
           selector.Top = itemBox(itemSelected).Top - GAP 'behind current itemBox
           locator.Top = T + rowOffset * (locStart(locSelected) - 1)
           locator.Height = last * rowOffset + rItem(0).Height - rowOffset 'height shrinks
       when displayList shrinks
           rItem(C).Top = rItem(whichrItem(itemSelected)).Top
10
           SetItemInfo
       End Sub
       Sub SetItemInfo ()
        'display current item's info in info bar
           Dim i As Integer '* of records away from bookmark we need to go
15
           Dim msg As String
           find selected record
           filterData.Bookmark = marker(locSelected)
           i = itemSelected
20
           While (i > 1)
                filterData.MoveNext
               i = i - 1
           Wend
            'Put info in the info bar
           SetInfo ItemString(), (itemBox(itemSelected).BackColor)
25
            'update preview window if needed
           If inPreview Then ShowPreview
       End Sub
       Sub ShowPreview ()
30
        'Display the video, still, or text preview
        of the item selected
           Dim msg As String
           If Me Is MOVlist Then
                msg = filterData("Plot")
            ElseIf Me Is TVlist Then
35
                msg = filterData(captionField) & Chr(13)
                msg = msg & StationString(filterData(*Station*)) & Chr(13)
                msg = msg & CategoryString((filterData("Type")), (filterData("Category")))
            Else
                msg = "This would be a video, still, or textual preview of '"
40
                msg = msg & filterData(captionField)
                msg = msg & ***
            End If
            previewWin.Visible = False
            previewWin.Caption = msq
            CPlace 0, previewWin, displayList
45
            previewWin.Visible = True
        End Sup
        Sub tmrBlink_Timer ()
            BlinkControl.Visible = Not BlinkControl.Visible
50
        End Sub
```

```
'===== MESSAGE form code ======
       This form is used by Help and some lists to display information.
       temporarily covering up the current form.
5
      Option Explicit
      Const GAP = 500
                                                       1.
      Sub Form_Activate ()
10
          textArea.Caption = userMsg
      End Sub
      Sub Form_KeyDown (KeyCode As Integer, Shift As Integer)
          Select Case KeyCode
15
          Case Else
              returnCode = KeyCode
              Me.Hide
          End Select
      End Sub
20
      Sub Form_Load ()
          'set colors and fonts
          Me.BackColor = itemCOLOR
          textArea.BackColor = itemCOLOR
          textArea.FontSize = largeFONT
25
          'set sizes
          SizeAForm Me, DispTop, DispHeight, DispLeft, DispWidth
          SizeAControl textArea, GAP, DispHeight - 2 * GAP, GAP, DispWidth - 2 * GAP
          'initialize
          textArea.Caption = ""
      End Sub
30
      '===== ROLODEX form code ======
      'This form shows the main menu and filter menus.
      'Unimplemented: Have filter button color correspond to type/category color
      Option Explicit
35
      Dim BlinkControl As Control 'pointer to blinking highlight
      Dim parent As Integer
                               'number of parent card
      Dim current As Integer
                               'number of current card
       'special cards
40
       'note: these must be updated each time the number of filter cards in the card
      datafile changes
      Const filterCARD = 1
                             'TV filter menu
      Const mfilterCARD = 68 'movie filter menu
      Const homeCARD = 96
                               'main menu
45
      Dim lastCard As Integer 'holds number of regular card while in filter
      Const MAXTITLE = 3 'WARNING: A change in MAXTITLE requires a change in code for
       LoadGraphics
      Const CARDSHIFT = 2.5 'for card display--amount change in card placement
      Const MAXROWS = 3 'for card display--number of rows of buttons
50
      Const MAXCOLS = 3 'for card display--number of columns of buttons on a card
```

```
Const MAXCARD = 9 'max number of cards that can be displayed on screen
        Jinst MAXITEM = 9 'max number of buttons on a card
        faction codes: tell what action to take for a button choice
5
        factions greater than actNEXT need additional input
        Const actCOMING = 2
        Const actNOW = 3
        Const actNEXT = 5
        Const actALPHASHOP = 6
10
        Const actFILTER = 7
        Const actALPHATV = 8
        Const actALPHAMOV = 9
        Const actDOMAIN = 10
        Const actLATER = 11
       Const actWEEK = 12
15
       Const actWKEND = 13
        Const actSCHED = 14
        Const shortTVVIEW = 30
        Const shortMVVIEW = 31
        Const shortSPVIEW = 32
20
        Const shortTVNOW = 35
        Const shortTVFAV = 36
        Const shortMVFAV = 37
        Const shortSPFAV = 38
        Const actMOVIE = 40
        Const actSTORE = 50
25
        Const actDEPT = 52
        Const actMORE = 60
        Const actNONE = 65
        for development only
        Const actKEYS = 71
30
        Const actTABS = 72
        Sub Animate (direct As String, cardNo As Integer)
        'Animate opening another card, backing up, or selecting a button
            Dim index As Integer
            Dim depth As Integer
35
            DoEvents 'do not interrupt another animation
            depth = Cards(current).level
            Select Case direct
            Case "Back"
40
              If Cards(current).parent > 0 Then
                  CCopy sspCard(depth), sspCont
                   sspCont.Visible = True
                   Zoom 10, sspCont, sspItem(Cards(current).self)
                  DisplayCard (Cards(current).parent)
                  sspCont.Visible = False
45
              End If
            Case 'Next'
              index = Cards(current).selected
              If index > 0 Then
                  CCopy sspltem(index), sspCont
50
                   sspCont.Visible = True
```

```
sspCont.BackColor = sspCard(0).BackColor
                  Zoom 10, sspCont, sspCard(depth)
                  DisplayCard cardNo
                  sspCont.Visible = Fals
 5
              End If
            Case "Select"
              index = Cards(current).selected
              If index > 0 Then
                  CCopy sspltem(index), sspCont
                                                                                       1
 10
                  sspCont.Visible = True
                  sspCont.BackColor = sspCard(C).BackColor
                  SizeACcntrol sspCard(0), 0, 500, 0, 500 'size of whole form
                  Zoom 10, sspCont, sspCard(0)
             End If
           End Select
 15
       End Sub
       Sub BlinkStart (C As Control, vis)
       'enable blinking object
           Set BlinkControl = C
20
           BlinkControl.Visible = vis
           tmrBlink.Enabled = True
       End Sub
       Sub BlinkStop (vis)
       'stop blinking object, leaving visiblility as vis
25
           tmrBlink.Enabled = False
           If BlinkControl Is Nothing Then
             'do nothing
           Else
            BlinkControl.Visible = vis
30
           End If
           Set BlinkControl = Nothing
       End Sub
       Sub ButtonAction ()
       'perform action associated with selected button
35
           Dim button As Integer
           Dim cardNo As Integer
           Dim msg As String
          button = Cards(current).selected 'item number of selected button on parent card
40
          cardNo = Cards(current).item(button) 'card number of selected button
           If button < 1 Then Exit Sub
           Select Case Cards(cardNo).actionCode
           Case actNONE
             'an inactive button
45
            SetInfo "This option is not yet available.", greyCOLOR
          Case actNEXT
             'display the next card
            Animate "Next", Cards(current).item(button)
          Case actDOMAIN
50
            'change current domain before going to the next card
```

```
currDomain = Val(Cards(cardNo).actionData)
             SetStatus Cards(cardNo).name, greyCOLOR
             Animate "Next", Cards(curr nt).item(button)
           Case actMORE
5
              'show mor choic s on same topic (currently same as actNEXT)
              Animate "Next", Cards(current).item(button)
           Case actCOMING
              'show schedule of what's coming up on TV
           Animate "Select", 0
              sameFilter = False
10
              Set views(currDomain) = frmComing
              returnCode = SHCWVIEW
              Me Hide
            Case actNOW
              'show what's on TV now
              currView(currDomain) = "TV 6:30pm : " 'obviously, this would be the current
15
        time
              Animate "Select". 0
              sameFilter = False
              sameView = True
              Set views(currDomain) = listFrm(currDomain)
20
              returnCode = SHOWVIEW
              Me.Hide
            Case actLATER
              'show what's on TV for a later day
              'currently non-functional
25
              'Animate "Select", 3
              'sameFilter = False
              'Set views(currDomain) = frmFriday
              returnCode = SHOWVIEW
              Me.Hide
            Case actWEEK
30
               'show TV schedule for weekdays
              Animate "Select". 0
              sameFilter = False
              Set views(currDomain) = frmWkday
              returnCode = SHCWVIEW
 35
              Me.Hide
            Case actWKEND
               'show TV schedule for weekend
               'currently non-functional
               'Animate "Select", 0
               sameFilter = False
 40
               'Set views(currDomain) = frmWkend
               returnCode = SHOWVIEW
               Me.Hide
             Case actSCHED
               'show TV schedule
 45
               currently non-functional
               'Animate "Select", 0
               'sameFilter = False
               'Set views(currDomain) = frmSched
               returnCode = SHOWVIEW
               Me.Hide
 50
```

```
Case actALPHASHOP
                get a string from user, search for items beginning with user string
                'note: this would probably be v ry differ nt
               Animate "Select", 0
  5
               SetStatus "Shopping, " & Cards(cardNo).name, greyCOLOR
               msg = Cards(cardNo).actionData
               SetInfo msg, YELLOW
               Wait frmAlpha
               If returnCode <> BACK And userString <> "" Then
  10
                   sameFilter = False
                   filters(currDomain) = "item"
                   Set views(currDomain) = listFrm(currDomain)
                   returnCode = SHOWVIEW
                   Me.Hide
              End If
 15
            Case actALPHATV
               'allow user to select a show title
              Animate "Select", 0
              SetStatus "TV, " & Cards(cardNo).name, greyCOLOR
              returnCode = PICK
 20
              Me.Hide
            Case actALPHAMOV
              This is not hooked up to work, but would probably be
              a lot like actALPHTV
              'Animate "Select", 0
            Case actFILTER
 25
              'send a new filter to a TV view
              filters(currDomain) = Cards(cardNc).actionData
             currFilter(currDomain) = Cards(cardNo).infotext
             sameFilter = Faise
             sameView = True
30
             returnCode = SHOWVIEW
             Me. Hide
           Case actMOVIE
              'show a movie list
             Animate "Select", 0
             If current > homeCARD Then
35
                 'the view (a filter) is changing
                 currView(currDomain) = Cards(cardNo).infotext
                 viewFilter = Cards(cardNo).actionData
                 sameView = False
                 sameFilter = False
40
             Else
                 the category is changing
                 currFilter(currDomain) = ": " & Cards(cardNo).infotext
                 filters(currDomain) = Cards(cardNc).actionData
                 sameView = True
                 sameFilter = False
45
             End If
             Set views(currDomain) = listFrm(currDomain)
            returnCode = SHOWVIEW
            Me.Hide
           Case actSTORE
50
             'show a list of stores
```

```
Animate 'Select', 0
             SetInfo *Choose a store: *, TURQUOISE
             SetStatus "Shopping", greyCOLOR
             sameFilter = False
5
             filters(currDomain) = "store"
             Set views(currDomain) = listFrm(currDomain)
             returnCode = SHOWVIEW
             Me. Hide
           Case actDEPT
              'show products from a department
10
             Animate "Select", 0
             SetStatus "Shopping, " & Cards(cardNo) infotext, greyCOLOR
             sameFilter = False
              filters(currDomain) = "dept"
             userString = Cards(cardNo).name
15
             Set views(currDomain) = listFrm(currDomain)
             returnCode = SHOWVIEW
             Me.Hide
           Case shortTVVIEW
              Show last TV schedule or list
              Animate "Select", 0
20
              currDomain = TV
              If views(currDomain) Is Nothing Then
                  Set views(currDomain) = frmComing
              End If
              sameFilter = True
25
              returnCode = SHOWVIEW
              Me.Hide
            Case shortMVVIEW
              'Show lat movie list
              Animate "Select", 0
30
              currDomain = MOVIE
              If views(currDomain) Is Nothing Then
                  Set views(currDomain) = listFrm(currDomain)
              End If
              sameFilter = True
              returnCode = SHOWVIEW
 35
              Me.Hide
            Case shortSPVIEW
               'Show last shopping view
               Animate "Select", 0
               currDomain = SHOP
               If views(currDomain) Is Nothing Then
 40
                   Set views(currDomain) = listFrm(currDomain)
               End If
               sameFilter = True
              returnCode = SHOWVIEW
               Me.Hide
 45
             Case shortTVNOW
               'show all TV shows on now
               currFilter(currDomain) = "All Categories"
               currView(currDomain) = "TV 6:30pm : " obviously, this would be the current
         time
               Animate "Select", 0
  50
```

```
currDomain = TV
              filters(currDomain) = ""
              sameFilter = False
              sameView = True
5
             Set views(currDomain) = listFrm(currDomain)
             returnCode = SHOWVIEW
             Me.Hide
           Case actKEYS
              'Only for development, wouldn't stay
10
             SetKeys Cards(cardNo).actionData
             SetStatus Cards(cardNo).infotext, itemCOLOR
             current = homeCARD
             DisplayCard current
           Case ac:TABS
             'only for development
15
             ToggleTabs
           Case Else
             MsgBox "Bad action code for card " & Cards(cardNo).name
             End
20
           End Select
       End Sub
       Sub ChangeSel (direct As String)
       'do button navigation
           Dim n As Integer
25
           Dim last As Integer, Sel As Integer
           n = Cards(current).NItems
           last = Cards(current).selected
           If last = 0 Then Exit Sub
30
           If direct = "Right" Then
           'move right with wrap around
             If last = n Then
                 Sel = 1
             Else
                 Sel = last + 1
35
             End If
           ElseIf direct = "Left" Then
           'move left with wrap around
             If last = 1 Then
                 Sel = n
40
             Else
                 Sel = last - 1
             End If
           ElseIf direct = "Up" Then
           'move up, no wrap around
             If last > MAXCOLS Then
45
                 Sel = last - MAXCOLS
             Else
                 Sel = last
             End If
           ElseIf direct = "Down" Then
50
           'move down, no wrap around
```

```
If last <= n - MAXCOLS Then
                 Sel = last + MAXCOLS
             Else
                 Sel = last
5
             End If
           Else
             MsgBox "Bad Direction"
             End
           End If
10
           Cards(current).selected = Sel
           UpdateSel
       End Sub
       Sub DisplayCard (index)
15
       'takes care of displaying menu on screen
                                 'number of visible cards
           Dim depth As Integer
                                   'counter
           Dim i As Integer
           Dim ancestor As Integer 'card numbers
20
           current = index
           parent = Cards(current).parent
           depth = Cards(current).level
           'hide cards after (in front of) current
           For i = MAXCARD To depth + 1 Step -1
25
             sspTitle(i).Visible = False
             sspCard(i) Visible = False
           Next i
           'make sure previous tab names are correct and visible
30
           ancestor = current
           For i = depth - 1 To 1 Step -1
              ancestor = Cards(ancestor).parent
              sspTitle(:).Caption = Cards(ancestor).name
              sspCard(i).Visible = True
              sspTitle(i).Visible = True
35
           Next i
            'show current card
           sspTitle(depth).Caption = Cards(current).name
           sspCard(depth).Visible = True
40
           sspTitle(depth).Visible = True
           'show buttons on current card
           DisplayItems
       End Sub
45
       Sub DisplayItems ()
        'displays buttons on a card
           Dim Area As SSPanel
           Dim i As Integer
           Dim Dx. Dy, x. Y. w. h
50
           Dim NItems As Integer
```

```
NItems = Cards(current).NItems
           Set Area = sspCard(Cards(current).level) this is a pointer, not a copy
5
           'calculate size of button
           Dx = Area.Width = .9 / MAXCOLS
           Dy = Area.Height * .9 / MAXROWS
           w = 2x \cdot .9
           If w > 30 Then w = 30
10
           h = 2y = .9
           If h > 20 Then h = 20
           ssp3link3G.Visible = False
           sspBlinkBG.ZOrder 0 bring to front
           'place and show each button
15
           For i = 1 To NItems
             sspItem(i).Width = w
             sspItem(i).Height = h
             sspItem(i).Caption = Cards(Cards(current).item(i)).name
             If Cards(Cards(current).item(i)).actionCode = actNONE Then
20
                 'turn inactive buttons grey
                 sspItem(i).BackColor = greyCOLOR
             Else
                 sspItem(i).BackColor = itemCOLOR
             End If
             x = Area.Left + .05 * Area.Width + (((i - 1) Mod MAXCOLS) + .5) * Dx
25
             Y = Area.Top + .05 * Area.Height + (Int((i - 1) / MAXCOLS) + .5) * <math>D_V
             CenterItem sspItem(i), x, Y
             sspItem(i).ZOrder 0
             sspItem(i).Visible = True
30
           'make blinker bigger than buttons
           CPlace 2, sspBlinkBG, sspItem(1)
           'hide unused buttons
           For i = NItems + 1 To MAXITEM
             sspItem(i).Visible = False
35
           Next i
           UpdateSel
       End Sub
       Sub Form_Activate ()
40
       check for a return code from another form
           sspCont.Visible = False
           Select Case returnCode
           Case BACK
             If current < homeCARD Then current = lastCard
             SetStatus "Use arrows and select or use keypad.", greyCOLOR
45
             DisplayCard current
             UpdateSel
           Case SHORTCUT
             current = homeCARD
             SetStatus "Use arrows and select or use keypad.". greyCOLOR
50
             DisplayCard current
```

```
UpdateSel
           Case FILTER
              SetStatus "Use arrows and select or use keypad.", greyCOLOR
              If current < homeCARD Then
5
                  DisplayCard current
             Else
                  lastCard = current
                  Select Case currDomain
                 Case TV
10
                    DisplayCard filterCARD
                  Case MOVIE
                    DisplayCard mfilterCARD
                  Case SHOP
                   DisplayCard current
                 End Select
15
             End If
             UpdateSel
           Case COMING
             'to get from TV list view to schedule view
             Cards(current).selected = 2
20
             sameFilter = False
             Set views(currDomain) = frmComing
             returnCode = SHOWVIEW
             Me.Hide
           End Select
       End Sub
25
       Sub Form_KeyDown (KeyCode As Integer, Shift As Integer)
           Dim index As Integer
           Dim n As Integer
           Select Case KeyCode
30
           Case 5_BACK
             'Go up in menu hierarchy
             Animate "Back", 0
           Case B_HELP
             InvokeHelp
35
           Case B_PREVIEW
             userStation = 1
             userStart = fakeTime
             returnCode = TOTV
             Me.Hide
40
           Case B_SELECT
              'Do button action
              ButtonAction
           Case 3_RIGHT
             ChangeSel ("Right")
           Case B_LEFT
45
             ChangeSel ("Left")
           Case B_UP
             ChangeSel ("Up")
           Case 3_DOWN
             ChangeSel ("Down")
50
           Case B_PAGEUP
```

```
Case B_PAGEDOWN
           Tuse numeric key pad to choose a button directly, without navigation
           Case B_1
             If Cards(current).NItems > 0 Then
5
                 Cards(current).sel ct d = 1
                 UpdateSel
                 ButtorAction
             End If
           Case B_2
10
             If Cards(current).NItems > 1 Then
                 Cards(current).selected = 2
                 UpdateSel
                 ButtonAction
             End If
           Case B_3
15
             If Cards(current).NItems > 2 Then
                 Cards(current).selected = 3
                 UpdateSel
                 ButtonAction
             End If
20
           Case B_4
             If Cards(current).NItems > 3 Then
                 Cards(current).selected = 4
                 UpdateSel
                 ButtonAction
             End If
25
           Case B_5
             If Cards(current).NItems > 4 Then
                 Cards(current).selected = 5
                 UpdateSel
                 ButtonAction
30
             End If
           Case B_6
             If Cards(current).NItems > 5 Then
                 Cards(current).selected = 6
                 UpdateSel
                 ButtonAction
35
             End If
           Case B_7
             If Cards(current).NItems > 6 Then
                 Cards(current).selected = 7
                 UpdateSel
40
                 ButtonAction
              End If
           Case B_8
              If Cards(current).NItems > 7 Then
                 Cards(current).selected = 8
                 UpdateSel
45
                  ButtonAction
              End If
            Case B_9
              If Cards(current).NItems > 8 Then
                  Cards(current).selected = 9
50
                  UpdateSel
```

```
ButtonAction
              End If
            Case 3_0
5
              current = homeCARD
              DisplayCard current
            Case Asc("Q")
             End
            End Select
        End Sub
10
                                                                      ١
        Sub Form_Load ()
            'set fonts and colors
            sspCard(0).BackColor = backgroundCOLCR
            sspTitle(0).BackColor = backgroundCCLOR
15
            sspItem(0).BackColor = itemCOLOR
            sspBlinkBG.BackColcr = highlightCOLOR
            sspItem(0).FontSize = mediumFONT
            sspCard(C).FortSize = mediumFONT
            sspTitle(C).FortSize = mediumFONT
            Me.BackColor = formCOLOR
20
            'fit into display area
            SizeAForm Me, dispTop, dispHeight, dispLeft, dispWidth
            Me.Scale (0, 0)-(100, 100)
            'set global return code to default
            returnCcde = BACK
25
            'read in menu hierarchy for rolodex
            PopulateCards
            'load graphical objects
            LoadGraphics
            'set current card on screen
            DisplayCard homeCARD
30
        End Sup
        Sub LoadGraphics ()
            Dim i As Integer 'counter
            Dim tabHeight
35
            'load buttons
            For i = 1 To MAXITEM
              Load sspItem(i)
            Next i
40
            'shape prototype card
            sspCard(0).Top = sspItem(0).Height
            sspCard(0).Height = 100 - CARDSHIFT - sspCard(0).Top
            sspCard(0).Left = 2 * CARDSHIFT
            sspCard(0).Width = 100 - 4 * CARDSHIFT
45
            'shape prototype tab
            sspTitle(0).AutoSize = False
            sspTitle(0).Width = sspCard(0).Width - MAXTITLE - CARDSHIFT
            load and shape cards and tabs
            For i = 1 To MAXCAED
              Load sspCard(i)
50
              sspCard(i).deight = sspCard(i - 1).Height - CARDSHIFT
```

55

```
sspCard(i).Top = sspCard(i - 1).Top + CAEDSHIFT
              sspCard(i).ZOrder
              Load sspTitle(i)
              sspTitle(i).Top = sspCard(i).Top - sspTitle(0).Height + 2
5
              Select Case (i Mod MAXTITLE)
              inote: these cases are not flexible for different MAXTITLE
             Case :
                  sspTitle(i).Left = sspCard(i).Left
             Case 2
10
                  sspTitle(i).Left = sspCard(i).Left - sspCard(i).Width
       sspTitle(i).Width / 2
             Case 0
                  sspTitle(i).Left = sspCard(i).Left + sspCard(i).Width - sspTitle i .Width
             End Select
             sspTitle(i).20rder
15
           Next i
       End Sub
       Sub PopulateCards ()
       'This subroutine reads in the card data from the
20
       'CARDFILE file defined as a constant. The cards
       'will be numbered 1 to the number of lines (cards)
       in the file. All special cards should come before
       the home card (by convention), and are named as
       'constants in the declarations. Each card record
       'should have a level (integer), item selected (integer),
25
       'a name (string), an info string (string), and
       'an action code (integer). If the action code is greater
       'than actNEXT, one additional input (variant type) is read
       'for the card.
           Dim last As Integer, parent As Integer
30
           Dim selected As Integer
           Dim index As Integer, itemNo As Integer
           Dim level, title, text, action
           Open CARDFILE For Input As #1
           'make dummy parent for top level
35
           index = 0
           Cards(index).name = "root"
           Cards(index).level = 0
           Cards(index).NItems = 0
           While Not EOF(1)
40
             last = index
             index = index + 1
             Input #1, level. selected, title, text, action
             Cards(index).level = level
             Cards(index).selected = selected
             Cards(index).name = title
45
             Cards(index).infotex: = text
             Cards(index).actionCode = action
             If action > actNEXT Then
                 Input #1. action
                 Cards(index).actionData = action
50
             End If
```

```
Cards(index).NItems = 0 'initialize number of items
              If Cards(index).level = Cards(last).level + 1 Th n
                  'Child of last
                  parent = last
5
              ElseIf Cards(index).level <= Cards(last).level Then
                  'Sibling or cousin, back up to find parent
                  Do While (Cards(index).level < Cards(last).level)
                    'Find last sibling
                    last = Cards(last).parent
10
                  Loop
                  parent = Cards(last).parent
              Else Skipped a level, text file is incorrect
                 MsgBox "Bad level in text file."
                  Stop
                  End
15
              End If
             Cards(index).parent = parent
              'Add self to parent's list of items
              itemNo = Cards(parent).NItems + 1
             Cards(parent).NItems = itemNo
             Cards(parent).item(itemNo) = index
20
             Cards(index).self = itemNo
           Wend
           Cards(C).NItems = 1
           Close #1
       End Sub
25
        Sub tmrBlink_Timer ()
           BlinkControl.Visible = Not BlinkControl.Visible
        End Sub
30
        Sub ToggleTabs ()
        'toggles offset of tab placement; development only
           Dim i As Integer
           Static offset
           If offset = 3.5 Then
              offset = 2
35
           Else
              offset = 3.5
            End If
            For i = 1 To 9
              sspTitle(1).Top = sspCard(1).Top - sspTitle(0).Height + offset
40
           Next i
        End Sub
        Sub UpdateSel ()
        'put blinking highlight in correct location, update info bar
            Dim : As Integer
45
            Dim x, Y
           Dim S As SSPanel
            Dim text As String
           Dim color
50
            BlinkStop False 'turn blinking off
```

1

```
i = Cards(current).selected
            If i > 0 Then 'something is selected
              Set S = sspItem(i) 'S is pointer to button
              'find center of butt n
5
              x = S.Left + S.Width / 2
              Y = S.Top + S.Height / 2
              'put blinker behind button
              CenterItem sspBlinkBG, x, Y
              'resume blinking
10
              BlinkStart sspBlinkBG, True
            End If
            text = Cards(Cards(current).item(Cards(current).selected)).infotext
            color = sspItem(Cards(current).selected).BackColor
            SetInfo text, color
        End Sub
15
        Sub Zoom (n As Integer, C As Control, Dest As Control)
        'animates control C changing size to control Dest
            Dim i As Integer, j As Integer
           Dim dl. dw. dt. dh
20
           dl = (Dest.Left - C.Left) / n
           dw = (Dest.Width - C.Width) / n
           dt = (Dest.Top - C.Top) / n
           dh = (Dest.Height - C.Height) / n
           C.ZOrder
           C.AutoSize = False
25
           For i = 1 To n
             C.Move C.Left + dl, C.Top + dt, C.Width + dw, C.Height + dh
             C.Refresh
           Next i
       End Sub
30
        '===== SELECT form code ======
        This form is another attempt at alphabetic input that allows only valid input.
        ' It relies on the TV titles database which has two tables. The reference table is
       used first
        ' and contains a count of all items starting with each letter of the alphabet or
35
       with a
        ' symbol or number. The user is first presented with a list of possible starting
        (each item in the first on-screen list may have several letters in it). Once a
        starting
40
         letter is chosen, a snapshot is made of matching entries from the table of titles.
         Each list the user sees has only valid choices for the next letter, or full titles
        a particular title is distinguished from all others by the letters chosen so far.
        The best way to understand is to see the form in action before reading the code.
        The code could easily be modified to work with other data such as lists of movies.
45
        note: the non-proportional font used in the itemBoxes is Courier New
       Option Explicit
        Dim DB As database the full database
       Dim list(1800) As String 'the list of selection strings
50
```

```
Dim leaf(1900) As Integer 'true if nth item is a leaf, false otherwise
       Dim listEnd As Integer 'number of last element in list
       Dim currPrefix As String 'the 1 tters chosen so far
       Dim initialList As Integer 'boolean 'true if this list has multiple letters per item
       Dim BlinkControl As Control 'not used, currently no blinking object
       Dim itemSelected As Integer 'from 1 to MAXDISPLAY
       Dim locSelected As Integer 'from 1 to MAXLOC
       Dim rowOffset 'difference between tops of two consecutive reduced items
10
       database
       Dim allData As snapshot
       Dim filterData As snapshot
       Dim marker(100) As String 'bookmarks of each MAXDISPLAY items
       Dim locStart(100) As Integer'rItem index for start of locator
15
       'display parameters
       Const MAXDISPLAY = 6 'Number of items in close up
       Dim MAXITEM As Integer 'Number of items in whole list
       Dim MAXLOC As Integer 'Number of locator positions
       Dim whichrItem(MAXDISPLAY) As Integer 'which rItems are in the current display
       Const GAP = 10 'space around lists
20
       Const EXTRA = 70 'room for longer programs
       Const reducedEXTRA = 20 'room for longer programs in reduced rep
       Const T = 50
       Const H = 1000 - 2 * T
       Const locL = 30
                          'for reduced list
25
       Const locW = 100
       Const dispL = locW + 2 * locL 'for display list
       Const dispW = 1000 - dispL - locL
       Sub BlinkStart (C As Control, vis)
           Set BlinkControl = C
30
           BlinkControl.Visible = vis
           tmrBlink.Enabled = True
       End Sub
       Sub BlinkStop (vis)
35
           tmrBlink.Enabled = False
           If BlinkControl Is Nothing Then 'do nothing
               BlinkControl.Visible = True
           End If
           Set BlinkControl = Nothing
40
       End Sub
       Sub ChangeLoc (direct As String)
        page up or down with the locator
           Select Case direct
45
           Case "Up"
               If locSelected > 1 Then
                   locSelected = locSelected - 1
                   RedcDisplay
               End If
           Case 'Down'
50
```

```
If locSel cted < MAXLOC Th n
                    locSelected = locS lected - 1
                    RedoDisplay
                End If
5
            End S lect
        End Sub
        Sub ChangeSel (direct As String)
        'Perform list navigation
10
           Select Case direct
           Case 'Up'
                If itemSelected > 1 Then
                'move up within items currently displayed
                    itemSelected = itemSelected - 1
15
                    selector.Top = itemBox(itemSelected).Top - GAP
                    rItem(0).Top = locator.Top + rowOffset * (itemSelected - 1)
                   SetItemInfo
               ElseIf locSelected > 1 Then
                'display previous section of the list
                   itemSelected = MAXDISPLAY
20
                   locSelected = locSelected - 1
                   RedoDisplay
               End If
           Case "Down"
               If itemSelected < MAXDISPLAY Then
                'move down within items currently displayed
25
                    'do not move to select an empty item
                   If (locSelected - 1) * MAXDISPLAY + itemSelected < MAXITEM Then
                        itemSelected = itemSelected + 1
                       selector.Top = itemBox(itemSelected).Top - GAP
                       rItem(0).Top = locator.Top + rowOffset * (itemSelected - 1)
30
                       SetItemInfo
                   End If
               ElseIf locSelected < MAXLOC Then
                'display next section of list
                   itemSelected = 1
                   locSelected = locSelected + 1
35
                   RedoDisplay
               End If
           End Select
       End Sub
40
       Sub DoSelect ()
       finish with leaf value or create a new list based on user's choice of prefix
           Dim index As Integer
           Dim count As Integer
           Dim i As Integer
           Dim nextChar As String
45
           Dim looking As Integer 'boolean
           Dim title As String
           index = locStart(locSelected) + itemSelected - 1 'index in list of item
       selected
50
           If leaf(index) Then
```

49

```
'sel ction made; show next view
                title = removeAmpersand(list(index))
                filterData.FindFirst *SelectTitle = *** & title & ****
                If filterData.NoMatch Th n
5
                    Do 'prompt for different title until found
                    inote: this should never happen, it's only in the list if it's in the
       database
                        title = InputBox(title & * not found. Enter new title: *, title;
                        filterData.FindFirst *SelectTitle = *** & title & ****
10
                    Loop Until Not filterData.NoMatch
                End If
               userString = filterData("FullTitle")
                Set views(TV) = frmWeek
                sameFilter * False
                returnCode = SHOWVIEW
15
               Me.Hide
           Else
                'indicate to user that something is happening
               itemBox(itemSelected).BackColor = greyCOLOR
               SetInfo 'Loading data, please wait...', greyCOLOR
20
               DoEvents
               1 = Len(list(index))
               currPrefix = ""
               If initialList Then
                    currPrefix = list(index)
25
                    'remove underline formatting (&) from prefix
                    If i > 2 Then currPrefix = Left(list(index), i - 2)
                    currPrefix = currPrefix & Right(list(index), 1)
               SetStatus "TV Titles starting with " & currPrefix, greyCOLOR
30
                'construct new list
               If initialList Then
                    'list items are special, not prefixes
                    If index = 1 Then
                        'Symbol or Number selected
                        initialList = False
35
                        filterData.Filter = "SelectTitle < 'A'"
                        currPrefix = ""
                        'a list of letters selected
                        listEnd = 0
40
                        For i = 1 To Len(currPrefix)
                            'strip out the letters (ignore commas) to make a new list
                            If Mid(currPrefix, i, 1) >= "A" Then
                                listEnd = listEnd + 1
                                list(listEnd) = "&" & Mid(currPrefix, i, 1)
                                leaf(i) = False
45
                            End If
                        Next i
                   End If
               Else
                    refilter data to match the new prefix
50
                    filterData.Filter = "SelectTitle like "" & currPrefix & """
```

50

```
End If
                  'data assumed to be already sorted
                  If Not initialList Then
  5
                  'still need to creat new list from data
                      Set filterData = filterData.CreateSnapshot()
                      filterData.MoveFirst
                      listEnd = 0
                     For i * Asc(" ") To Asc("2") 'space, punctuation, and letters
  10
                      'note: should be fixed up by not trying every single one, go stright to
         next db item's char
                         count = 0: looking = True
                         While Not filterData.EOF And looking
                             nextChar = Mid(filterData("SelectTitle"), Len(currPrefix) + 1,
         2)
  15
                             If nextChar = Chr(i) Or nextChar = LCase(Chr(i)) Then
                                 count = count + 1
                                 filterData.MoveNext
                             Else
                                 looking = False
 20
                             End If
                         Wend
                         Select Case count
                         Case 3 'do not add to list
                         Case 1 'make a leaf entry
                             filterData.MovePrevious
 25
                             listEnd = listEnd + 1
                             list(listEnd) = fixAmpersand((filterData("SelectTitle")))
                             leaf(listEnd) = True
                             filterData.MoveNext
                         Case Else 'make a non-leaf entry
30
                             filterData.MovePrevious
                             listEnd = listEnd + 1
                            list(listEnd) = currPrefix & "&" & Chr(i) 'underline new char
                             'note: underlining is just one mechanism for emphasizing what is
        different
 35
                             leaf(listEnd) = False
                             filterData.MoveNext
                        End Select
                    Next i
                     If filterData.RecordCount <= MAXDISPLAY Then
                         'redo the list to have just leaves in it, if they all fit in one
 40
        display
                        listEnd = 0
                        filterData.MoveFirst
                        While Not filterData.EOF
                            listEnd = listEnd + 1
                             list(listEnd) = fixAmpersand((filterData("SelectTitle")))
 45
                            leaf(listEnd) = True
                            filterData.MoveNext
                        wend
                    End If
                End If
 50
```

51

```
display the newly created list
               :temBox(:temSelected).BackColor = itemCOLOR 'restore itemBox color
               initialList = False
               If listEnd > 1 Then
5
                   NewList
               Else
                   'automatically select item if only one in list
                   locSelected = 1
                   itemSelected = 1
                   DoSelect
10
                                                    ١
               End If
           End If
       End Sub
       Sub Form_Activate ()
15
       'always begin with initial list
           LoadData
           NewList
       End Sub
       Sub Form_KeyDown (KeyCode As Integer, Shift As Integer)
20
           Select Case KeyCode
           Case Asc("Q")
               End
           Case B_BACK
                'note: do we want ability to back up one level from a particular choice in
25
        the list?
                Could have B_BACK go back one list then back to menu after another press.
                returnCode = BACK
                Me.Hide
            Case B_HELP
               InvokeHelp
30
            Case B_PREVIEW
            Case B_SELECT
                DoSelect
            Case B_UP
                ChangeSel ("Up")
35
            Case B_DOWN
               ChangeSel ("Down")
            Case B_RIGHT
            Case B_LEFT
            Case B_PAGEUP
                ChangeLoc ("Up")
 40
            Case B_PAGEDOWN
                ChangeLoc ("Down")
            Case B_FILTER
            Case B_G
                returnCode = SHORTCUT
 45
                Me.Hide
            End Select
        End Sub
        Sub Form_Load ()
             Dim i As Integer 'counter
```

55

Dim itemRoom

55

```
'set colors and fonts
             it mBox(C).FontSize = largeFONT
 5
             rightArrow(0).FontSize = largeFONT
             rItem(0).BackColor = itemCOLOR
             selector.FillColor = highlightCOLOR
            displayList.FillColor = backgroundCOLOR
            locator.FillColor = backgroundCOLOR
10
            itemBox(0).BackColor = itemCOLOR
            rightArrow(0).BackColor = itemCOLOR
            shpSlot.BorderColor = slotCOLOR
            'size and place the objects to the screen
            SizeAForm Me. DispTop, DispHeight, DispLeft, DispWidth
            Me.Scale (0, 0)-(1000, 1000)
15
            SizeAControl locator, T - GAP, H + GAP, locL - GAP, locW + 2 * GAP
            SizeAControl shpSlot, T, H, locL + reducedEXTRA, locW - 2 * reducedEXTRA
            SizeAControl displayList, T - GAP, H + GAP, dispL, dispW
            locator.ZOrder
            shpSlot.ZOrder
20
            rItem(C).ZOrder
            itemRoom = H / MAXDISPLAY
            SizeAControl itemBox(0), T + (.5 * GAP), itemRoom - GAP, dispL + EXTRA, dispW -
        2 * EXTRA
            SizeAControl leftArrow(0), T + (.5 * GAP), itemRoom - GAP, dispL, EXTRA
            SizeAControl rightArrow(0), T + (.5 * GAP), itemRoom - GAP, dispL - dispW -
25
        EXTRA, EXTRA
            SizeAControl selector, T, itemRoom + GAP, dispL, dispW
            selector.ZOrder
            For 1 = 1 To MAXDISPLAY
                Load itemBox(i)
30
                ltemBox(i).Visible = False
                itemBox(i).Top = itemBox(0).Top + (i - 1) * itemRcom
                Load rightArrow(i)
               rightArrow(i).Top = itemBox(i).Top
            Next i
        Er.d Sub
35
        Sub LoadData ()
            Dim refSnap As snapshot
           Const MAXTOGETHER = MAXDISPLAY 'number of letter allowed in one itemBox
           Dim together
40
           'fill initial selection list
            listEnd = 0
           Set DB = OpenDatabase(TVTitles)
           Set allData = DB.CreateSnapshot("Titles")
45
            'create initial list
           Set refSnap = DB.CreateSnapshot("Reference")
           refSnap.MoveFirst
           together * MAXTOGETHER 'indicate need for new item
           While Not refSnap.EOF
50
               Select Case refSnap("Number")
```

```
Case )
                    'do not add to list
                Case 1
                    'make a leaf entry
5
                    listEnd = listEnd + 1
                    allData.FindFirst 'SelectTitle like ' & refSnap('Letter') & ""
                    list(listEnd) = allData("SelectTitle")
                    leaf(listEnd) = True
                    together = MAXTOGETHER
                                                                                1
10
                Case Else
                    If refSnap("Letter") = "#" Then
                        listEnd = listEnd + 1
                        list(listEnd) = "Symbol or Number"
                        together = MAXTOGETHER
                        'note: DoSelect relies on this entry being the first list item
15
                    Else
                        If together >= MAXTOGETHER Then
                            listEnd = listEnd + 1
                            list(listEnd) = refSnap("Letter")
                            together = 1
20
                            list(listEnd) = list(listEnd) & *, * & refSnap(*Letter*)
                            together = together + 1
                        End If
                    End If
                    leaf(listEnd) = False
25
                End Select
                refSnap.MoveNext
            Wend
            Set filterData = allData
            initialList = True
30
        End Sub
        Sub NewList ()
        'remakes the display for a new list
        'note: should itemSelected be initialized to something other than 1?
            Dim i As Integer 'counter
35
            Dim section As Integer 'count the number of locator locations
            Dim msg As String
             'clear captions
            For i = 1 To MAXDISPLAY
 40
                     itemBox(i).Caption = ""
            For i = 1 To MAXITEM
                Unload rItem(i)
            Next i
 45
             MAXITEM = listEnd 'number of items in list
             load the reduced item shapes and size relative to MAXITEM
             rowOffset = (H - rItem(0).Height) / MAXITEM
             If rowOffset > rItem(0).Height + GAP Then rowOffset = rItem(0).Height + GAP
 50
```

. 1 .

```
rItem(0).Visible = False
            rItem(0).Top = T
            rItem(0).Left = locL + reducedEXTRA
 5
            rItem(0).Width = locW - 2 * reducedEXTRA
            rItem(0).BackColor = itemCOLOR
            filterData.MoveFirst
            'size and place the item shapes
            and set section bookmarks
            section = 0
                           'number of locator locations
10
            For i = 1 To MAXITEM
                Load rItem(i)
                rItem(i).Top = T + (i - 1) * rowOffset
                If ((i-1) \mod MAXDISPLAY) = 0 Then
                'begin a new locator location
15
                   section = section + 1
                   locStart(section) = i
               Er.d If
               If Not leaf(i) Then
                   rItem(i).Width = rItem(i).Width + reducedEXTRA
               End If
20
               rItem(i).ZOrder
               rItem(i).Visible = True
           Next i
           MAXLOC = section
           locStart(section + 1) = MAXITEM + 1
25
           'set length of minselector
           'use rItem(0) as mini selector
           rItem(0).Left = locL - GAP
           rItem(0).Width = locW - 2 * GAP
30
           'initialize selector and locator
           itemSelected = 1
           locSelected = 1
           rItem(0).BackColor = highlightCOLOR
35
           'set the captions in the itemBoxes
           RedoDisplay
       End Sub
       Sub RedoDisplay ()
       set the captions in the itemBoxes to correspond to items in locator
40
       reposition locator, selector and set item info in info box
           Dim last As Integer 'number of last item in display
           Dim i As Integer 'counter
          Dim index As Integer 'index of item in list
45
           index = locStart(locSelected)
          For i = 1 To MAXDISPLAY
              If index > MAXITEM Then
                   'hide empty itemBox
                  itemBox(i).Caption = **
50
                  itemBox(i).Visible = False
```

```
rightArrow(i).Visible = False
               Else
                   it mBox(i).Caption = list(index)
                   If Not leaf(index) Then
5
                        'show right arrow and put in all caps
                       rightArrow(i).Visible = True
                       itemBox(i).Caption = UCase(list(index))
                   Else
                       rightArrow(i).Visible = False
10
                   End If
                   itemBox(i).Visible = True
                   last = i 'remember last valid selection
                   index = index + 1
               End If
           Next i
15
           'Do not allow blank to be selected
           If itemSelected > last Then
               itemSelected = last
           End If
20
           'fix the rest of the display
           displayList.Height = H + 2 * GAP - (H / MAXDISPLAY * (MAXDISPLAY - last))
           selector.Top = itemBox(itemSelected).Top - GAP
           locator.Top = T + rowOffset * (locStart(locSelected) - 1)
           locator.Height = last * rowOffset + rItem(0).Height - rowOffset
25
           rItem(0).Top = locator.Top + rowOffset * (itemSelected - 1)
           rItem(0).Visible = True
           SetItemInfo
       End Sub
30
       Function removeAmpersand (oldText As String) As String
       for each double ampersand, remove one of them
           Dim text As String
           Dim newText As String
           Dim i As Integer
35
           text = oldText
           newText = ""
           While InStr(text, "&&")
                i = InStr(text, "&&")
                newText = newText & Left(text, i)
40
                text = Right(text, Len(text) - (i + 1))
           Wend
            removeAmpersand = newText & text
       End Function
       Sub SetItemInfo ()
15
        'put the relevant info for current item into info box
            Dim msg As String
            Dim index As Integer
            Dim F As snapshot
50
            If Me. Visible Then
```

```
index = locStart(locSelected) - itemSelected - 1
                 If leaf(index) Then
                      'get full titl from data
                     Set F = filterData
  5
                     F.FindFirst "SelectTitle = "" & list(index) & """
                     msg = F("FullTitle")
                     msg = "Titles beginning with '" & list(index) & "'"
                 End If
                                                                                   1
 10
                 SetInfo msg, (itemBox(itemSelected).BackColor)
         End Sub
         Sub tmrBlink_Timer ()
            BlinkControl.Visible = Not BlinkControl.Visible
 15
        'seesse START form code ******
        'This startup form allows the developer to choose display mode
        ' (either for PC, TV, or mini PC for making screen prints)
20
        then starts the actual program by calling Main
        Option Explicit
        Sub Form_Load ()
            returnCode = STARTUP
        End Sub
25
        Sub miniButton_Click ()
            displayMode = "mini"
           Unload Me
           Main
30
       End Sub
       Sub PCbutton_Click ()
           displayMode = "PC"
           Unload Me
           Main
35
       End Sub
       Sub TVbutton_Click ()
           displayMode = "TV"
           Unload Me
40
           Main
       End Sub
       '===== TV form code ======
       'This form precends to show a TV program or record it, if it is not currently on
45
       Option Explicit
       Const GAP = 700
       Sub Form_Activate ()
50
          Dim msg As String
```

```
Dim DB As database
           Dim Programs As tabl
           Dim startTime
           Dim refSnap As snapshot
5
           Dim refDate
           Dim startTS, finishTS, nowTS
           Set DB = OpenDatabase(TVDB)
           Set reiSnap = DB.CreateSnapshot("Reference")
           refSnap.FindFirst "Name = 'Date'"
10
           refDate = DateValue(refSnap("Data"))
           Set Programs = DB.OpenTable("Programs")
           Programs.Index = "ID"
           Programs. Seek "=", userStation, userStart
            'note: ought to check that userStation is valid
15
           If Programs. NoMatch Then
                'simulate showing whatever is currently on userStation
               nowTS = DateDiff("n", refDate, fakeToday + fakeTime) \ 30
                Set refSnap = Programs.CreateSnapshot()
                refSnap.FindFirst *Station = * & Str(userStation)
                refSnap.FindNext *FinishTS > * & Str(nowTS)
20
                msg = "You are watching "
                msg = msg & Chr(13) & Format(refSnap("Title"))
                msg = msg & " on " & StationString(refSnap("Station"))
                msg = msg & Chr(13) & Format(refSnap("Start"), "h:mm AM/PM")
                msg = msg & " to " & Format(refSnap("Finish"), "h:mm AM/PM")
25
            Else
                'decide if the program is on, record if it's not
                startTS = DateDiff("n", refDate, Programs("Start")) \ 30
                finishTS = DateDiff("n", refDate, Programs("Finish")) \ 30
                nowTS = DateDiff('n', refDate, fakeToday - fakeTime) \ 30
                'nowTS would be calculated to work in real time
30
                If startTS <= nowTS And finishTS >= nowTS Then
                    msg = "You are watching '
                    msg = "The VCR is set to record "
                End If
 35
                msg = msg & Chr(13) & Format(Programs("Title"))
                msg = msg & " on " & StationString(Programs("Station"))
                msg = msg & Chr(13) & Format(Programs("Start"), "h:mm AM/PM")
                msg = msg & " to " & Format(Programs("Finish"), "h:mm AM/PM")
            End If
             textArea.Caption = msg
 40
        Sub Form_KeyDown (KeyCode As Integer, Shift As Integer)
             Select Case KeyCode
             Case B_BACK
 45
                 returnCode = LASTVIEW
                 'note: this is not appropriate if we came from menu (rolodex)
                 Me. Hide
             Case B_0
                 returnCode = SHORTCUT
                 Me.Hide
```

55

```
Case Asc("O")
                End
             Case Els
                 returnCode = BACK
 5
                 Me.Hid
             End Select
        End Sub
        Sub Form_Load ()
 10
            textArea.Caption = **
            textArea.FontSize = largeFONT
            SizeAForm Me. 0. ScrHeight, 0. ScrWidth
            SizeAControl textArea, GAP, ScrHeight - 2 * GAP, GAP, ScrWidth - 2 * GAP
        End Sub
 15
        "===== TV_GUIDE form code ======
        'General remarks:
            The Main procedure starts the ball rolling by showing the Frame, loading
        'all the forms, and then showing the rolodex menu. Control is tranferred from form
        to form through the use of the returnCode variable (see list of return codes in
        'global declarations). The frmDex, for example, sets the returnCode to SHOWVIEW, and
20
        'hides itself. This causes frmFrame to become active, frmFrame looks at the
        returnCode
        'and shows the current domain's view form. Communication between forms is done
        'a variety of variables, since a form's procedures are not accessible from outside.
25
       Option Explicit
           Global Declarations
30
        'database constants
       Global Const CARDFILE = "c:\pctv\db\cards2.txt"
       Global Const MVDB = "c:\pctv\db\plots.mdb"
       Global Const SPDB = "c:\pctv\db\shopping.mdb"
       Global Const TVDB = "c:\pctv\db\big.mdb"
       Global Const TVTitles = "c:\pctv\db\titles.mdb"
35
       Const CATDB = "c:\pctv\db\cats.mdb"
       Dim typeTable As table 'TV type IDs
       Dim catTable As table
                               'TV category IDs
       Dim statTable As table 'station IDs
       Global fakeToday 'keep the day constant
40
       Global fakeTime 'keep the time constant
       Global displayMode As String 'display set for "PC" or "TV" (affects size of fonts
       and graphics)
       Global newUser As Integer 'boolean 'when true, give extra helps
       Global ScrWidth, ScrHeight
45
       Global DispTop, DispHeight, DispLeft, DispWidth 'display area available to forms
       inside the frame
       'Colors
       Global Const highlightCOLOR = &HSC80FF 'redish
50
       Global Const backgroundCOLOR = &H80FFFF 'yellow
```

```
Global Const itemCOLOR = &HFFFFC0
                                            'light blue
                                             'dark blue
      Global Const formCOLOR = &HFF0000
      Global Const whiteCOLOR = &H80000005
                                             white
      Global Const greyCOLOR = &HC0C0C0
                                              'grev
      Global Const blackCOLOR = &H0&
                                              'black
5
      Global Const slotCOLOR = &H80000005
                                             white
      Global Const borderCOLOR = &HFF&
      Global Const divideCOLOR = &HFFFF&
                                            white
       Global Color(10) 'array filled in Main
10
       font sizes
       Global Const smallFONT = 13.8
       Global Const mediumFONT = 18
       Global Const largeFONT = 24
15
       'domain constants
       Global Const MOVIE = 0
       Global Const TV = 1
       Global Const SHOP = 2
       'array of list forms
20
       Global listFrm(3) As Form
       Global TVlist As New frmList
       Global MOVlist As New frmList
       Global SHOPlist As New frmList
       25
        · Inter-Form Communication
       Global currDomain As Integer 'the current domain
       Global filters(3) As String 'array of query strings for current domain filter
       Global currFilter(3) As String 'text name of filter
       Global currView(3) As String 'text name of current view (use mainly for lists which
30
       change view title)
       Global views(3) As Form 'array of current domain views (TV coming or TV schedule,
        for instance)
       Global viewFilter As String 'the database filter needed to obtain the appropriate
 35
            'note: used only for movies at this time, would probably be expanded to array
        Global userString As String 'string chosen by user
        Global userMsg 'message string to display to user
        Global userStation 'a station selected by user
        Global userStart 'a time chosen by user
 40
        Global sameFilter As Integer 'boolean 'true if need to refilter data
        Global sameView As Integer 'boolean 'true if need to redo display
        'return codes determine which action to take on re-activate of frmFrame or frmDex
 45
        Global returnCode As Integer
        Global Const BACK = 0
        Global Const TOTV = 1
        Global Const LASTVIEW = 2
        Global Censt SHORTCUT = 3
        Global Const DONE = 4
 50
```

```
Global Const FILTER = 5
      Global Const COMING = 6
      Global Const SHOWVIEW = 9
      Global Const ALPHA = 10
      Global Const PICK = 11
      Global Const STARTUP = 12
       Define Type Card
            for rolodex
10
      Global Const MAXITEM = 9 'max number of buttons on a card
       Represents one index card as viewed on screen
      Type Card
15
          self As Integer 'item number of self on parent
          level As Integer 'number of cards away from root
          name As String 'text to appear on button/card
          infotext As String 'text for info bar
          actionCode As Integer 'code for action to take when chosen
          actionData As String 'extra info needed for action
20
          parent As Integer
                                'number of parent card
                                'number of buttons visible on card
          NItems As Integer
          Item(MAXITEM) As Integer 'array of card pointers (one for each button on card)
          selected As Integer 'the number of the selected button
      End Type
25
       'Array of up to MAXCARDS index cards
      Global Const MAXCARDS = 1000
      Global Cards (MAXCARDS) As Card
       ..........
30
            Remote Buttons
       'assigned values in sub SetKeys
       Global B_BACK
       Global B_HELP
35
      Global B_PREVIEW
       Global B_UP
       Global B_DOWN
       Global B_LEFT
       Global B_RIGHT
40
       Global B_SELECT
       Global B_PAGEUP
       Global B_PAGEDOWN
       Global B_1
       Global B_2
       Global B_3
45
       Global B_4
       Global B_5
       Global B_6
       Global B_7
       Global B_8
```

55

50

Global B_9

```
Global B_C
       Global B_FILTER
       5
           COLORS
       Global Const RED = &HFF&
       Global Const ORANGE = &H80FF&
       Global Const YELLOW = &HFFFF&
10
       Global Const GREEN = &H80FF60
       Global Const TURQUOISE = &HFFFFCC
       Global Const BLUE = &HFF0000
       Global Const VIOLET = &HFF00FF
       Global Const WHITE = &HFFFFFF
       Global Const BLACK = &H0&
15
       Global Const GREY = &HC0C0C0
       .. CONSTANTS FROM VISUAL BASIC FILES
       20
       " From CONSTANT.TXT
       ' Key Codes
       Global Const KEY_LBUTTON = &H1
       Global Const KEY_RBUTTON = &H2
25
       Global Const KEY_CANCEL = &H3
                                      * NOT contiguous with L & RBUTTON
       Global Const KEY_MBUTTON = &H4
       Global Const KEY_BACK = &H8
       Global Const KEY_TAB = &H9
       Global Const KEY_CLEAR = &HC
       Global Const KEY_RETURN = &HD
       Global Const KEY_SHIFT = &H10
       Global Const KEY_CONTROL = &H11
       Global Const KEY_MENU = &H12
       Global Const KEY_PAUSE = &H13
       Global Const KEY_CAPITAL = &H14
35
       Global Const KEY_ESCAPE = &H1B
       Global Const KEY_SPACE = &H20
       Global Const KEY_PRIOR = &H21
       Global Const KEY_NEXT = &H22
       Global Const KEY_END = &H23
40
       Global Const KEY_HOME = &H24
       Global Const KEY_LEFT = &H25
       Global Const KEY_UP = &H26
       Global Const KEY_RIGHT = &H27
       Global Const KEY_DOWN = &H28
       Global Const KEY_SELECT = &H29
45
       Global Const KEY_PRINT = &H2A
       Global Const KEY_EXECUTE = &H2B
       Global Const KEY_SNAPSHOT = &H2C
       Global Const KEY_INSERT = &H2D
       Global Const KEY_DELETE = &H2E
50
       Global Const KEY_HELP = &H2F
```

```
* KEY_A thru KEY_Z are the sam as th ir ASCII equivalents: 'A' thru 'Z'
       ' KEY_0 thru KEY_9 are the same as their ASCII equivalents: '0' thru '9'
5
       Global Const KEY_NUMPAD0 = &H60
       Global Const KEY_NUMPAD1 = &H61
       Global Const KEY_NUMPAD2 = &H62
       Global Const KEY_NUMPAD3 = &H63
       Global Const KEY_NUMPAD4 = £H64
10
       Global Const KEY_NUMPAD5 = &H65
       Global Const KEY_NUMPAD6 = &H66
       Global Const KEY_NUMPAD7 = 4H67
       Global Const KEY_NUMPAD8 = &H68
       Global Const KEY_NUMPAD9 = &H69
       Global Const KEY_MULTIPLY = &H6A
15
       Global Const KEY_ADD = &H6B
       Global Const KEY_SEPARATOR = &H6C
       Global Const KEY_SUBTRACT = &H6D
       Global Const KEY_DECIMAL = &H6E
       Global Const KEY_DIVIDE = &H6F
20
       Global Const KEY_F1 = &H70
       Global Const KEY_F2 = &H71
       Global Const KEY_F3 = &H72
       Global Const KEY_F4 = &H73
       Global Const KEY_F5 = &H74
       Global Const KEY_F6 = &H75
25
       Global Const KEY_F7 = &H76
       Global Const KEY_F8 = &H77
       Global Const KEY_F9 = &H78
       Global Const KEY_F10 = &H79
       Global Const KEY_F11 = &H7A
30
      Global Const KEY_F12 = &H7B
       Global Const KEY_F13 = &H7C
       Global Const KEY_F14 = &H7D
       Global Const KEY_F15 = &H7E
       Global Const KEY_F16 = &H7F
35
       Global Const KEY_NUMLOCK = £H90
       Function CategoryString (typeCode As Integer, catCode As Integer) As String
       'creates user-reabable string for a TV program's category
40
           Dim msg As String
           msg = "Category: "
           "look up type code
           typeTable.Index = "ID"
           typeTable.Seek "=", typeCode
45
           If typeTable.NoMatch Then
               msg = msg & typeCode
               msg = msg & typeTable("Name")
           End If
50
           msg = msg & ". " 'all on one line, replaced: Chr(13) & "Subcategory: "
```

```
'look up category code
           catTable.Index = "ID"
           catTable.Seek "=", catCode
           If catTabl .NoMatch Then
               msg = msg & catCod
           Else
               msg = msg & catTable("Name")
           End If
           CategoryString = msg
10
       End Function
                                                                1
       Sub CCopy (Cfrom As Control, Cto As Control)
       'copies attributes of CFrom control to CTo
           Cto.Caption = Cfrom.Caption
           Cto.BackColor = Cfrom.BackColor
15
           Cto.Top = Cfrom.Top
           Cto.Height = Cfrom.Height
           Cto.Left = Cfrom.Left
           Cto.Width = Cfrom.Width
           Cto.FontSize = Cfrom.FontSize
20
       End Sub
       Sub CenterItem (Item As Control, x, y)
       'centers a control around a point
           Item.Left = x - Item.Width / 2
           Item.Top = y - Item.Height / 2
25
       End Sub
       Sub CPlace (extra, Cfrom As Control, Cto As Control)
       'place Cfrom in the same place as Cto, with difference extra
           Cfrom.Top = Cto.Top - extra
           Cfrom.Left = Cto.Left - extra
30
           Cfrom.Height = Cto.Height + 2 * extra
           Cfrom.Width = Cto.Width + 2 * extra
       End Sub
       Function DayString (d. length As String) As String
35
       returns string for appropriate day of week based on date given
        ' and length specified
           Select Case Weekday(d)
           Case 1
               If length = "long" Then
                    DayString = "Sunday"
40
                    DayString = "Sun"
               End If
           Case 2
               If length = "long" Then
45
                  DayString = "Monday"
               Else
                    DayString = "Mon"
               End If
           Case 3
               If length = "long" Then
50
```

```
DayString = "Tuesday"
                Else
                    DayString = "Tue"
                End If
5
            Case 4
                If length = "long" Then
                   DayString = "Wednesday"
                    DayString = "Wed"
10
                End If
                                                                  1
           Case 5
                If length = "long" Then
                   DayString = "Thursday"
                Else
                    DayString = "Thur"
15
                End If
           Case 6
                If length = "long" Then
                   DayString = "Friday"
                   DayString = "Fri"
20
                End If
           Case 7
               If length = "long" Then
                   DayString = "Saturday"
               Else
25
                   DayString = "Sat"
                End If
           End Select
       End Function
30
       Function fixAmpersand (text As String)
        'put in a "&&" for every "&" so ampersand will print instead of format an underline
           Dim i As Integer
           Dim oldText As String
           Dim newText As String
35
           newText = ""
           oldText = text
            While InStr(oldText, "&")
                i = InStr(oldText, "&")
                newText = Left(oldText, i - 1) & "&&"
                oldText = Right(oldText, Len(cldText) - i)
40
            Wend
            fixAmpersand = newText & oldText
        End Function
        Sub InvokeHelp ()
45
        'add parameter for current location or give each form a local InvokeHelp
        'would be specialized for each view, probably not each button
            TellUser *Press Help (?) again for general help, or press any button on the
        remote for help with that button.*
            Select Case returnCode
            Case B_HELP
50
```

```
TellUser "General Help:"
            Case B_PREVIEW
               TellUs r 'Use the Preview button to see a video preview of the highlighted
       selection.
5
           Case B_BACK
               TellUser "Use the Back button to back up to the previous screen."
           Case KEY_ESCAPE
               TellUser 'Use the Shortcut key to get to the shortcut buttons."
           Case B_SELECT
10
               TellUser "Use the select button to choose a highlighted option."
           Case Else
               TellUser "This help screen is not written yet."
            End Select
       End Sub
15
       Sub Main ()
           Dim i As Integer
           Dim DB As database
           Set DB = OpenDatabase(CATDB)
           Set typeTable = DB.OpenTable("Type")
20
           Set catTable = DB.OpenTable("Category")
           Set DB = OpenDatabase(TVDB)
            Set statTable = DB.OpenTable("Stations")
            SetKeys displayMode
            'set different list forms
           Set listFrm(TV) = TVlist
25
           Set listFrm(MOVIE) = MOVlist
           Set listFrm(SHOP) = SHOPlist
            'set color array
           Color(0) = &HBFBFC0
                                  'teal green
                                  'light blue
           Color(1) = &HFFFF80
30
           Color(2) = &HFFCOFF
                                  'light pink
           Color(3) = &HFF8CFF
                                  'dark pink
           Color(4) = &H80C0FF
                                  'medium orange
           Color(5) = &HCOFFCO
                                  'lightest green
           Color(6) = &HFF8080
                                  'royal blue
           Color(8) = &HFFC0C0
                                  'lavendar
35
           Color(7) = &HCOCO&
                                  'ochre
            'set date and time
            fakeToday = CVDate(*6/12/94*)
            fakeTime = CVDate(*6:30 PM*)
40
            newUser = True
            'start up the forms
            frmFrame.Show
            DoEvents
            'load all forms here
45
            Load frmDex
            Load frmAlpha
            Load frmTV
            Load frmMsg
            'Movie forms
            currDomain = MOVIE
50
```

```
viewFilter = "Year >= 1993"
           currView(MOVIE) = "Recent Movies"
           currFilter(MOVIE) = ": All Categories"
           S tStatus "Movies", greyCOLOR
5
           Load listFrm(MOVIE)
           'Shopping forms
           currDomain = SHOP
           filters(SHOP) = ""
           SetStatus "Shopping, compact disks", greyCOLOR
10
           Load listFrm(SHOP)
            TV forms
           currFilter(TV) = "Basketball"
           currDomain = TV
           filters(TV) = "Category = 39"
           userString = "Nova"
           'Load frmWeek
           'Load listFrm(TV)
           'Load frmComing
           'Load frmWkday
           'Load frmSelect
20
           'show main menu
           SetStatus *Use arrows and select or use keypad.*. greyCOLOR
           frmDex.Show
       End Sub
25
       Function Overlap (beginTS, endTS) As String
       'create query string to look for TV programs in the range between
        ' and including beginTS and endTS
           Overlap = "(StartTS <= " & Str(endTS) & " And FinishTS >= " & Str(beginTS) & ")"
       End Function
30
       Sub SetInfo (text As String, Color)
        'update the info box text and color
           Dim s As SSPanel
           Set s = frmFrame!sspInfo 'works as long as form is loaded
           s.BackColor = Color
35
           s.Caption = text
       End Sub
        Sub SetKeys (mode As String)
        'Set the keymappings for keyboard or "remote"
40
           B_1 = KEY_NUMPAD7
           B_2 = KEY_NUMPAD8
           B_3 = KEY_NUMPAD9
           B_4 = KEY_NUMPAD4
           B_5 = KEY_NUMPAD5
           9_6 = KEY_NUMPAD6
45
           B_7 = KEY_NUMPAD1
           B_8 = KEY_NJMPAD2
            B_9 = KEY_NUMPAD3
            If mode = "TV" Then
                'use keypad for all buttons (except 1-9)
50
                B_BACK = KEY_SUBTRACT
```

. .

```
B_HELP = 18 'I don't know what the name of this key is
                B_PREVIEW = KEY_ADD
                B_{UP} = Asc(*8*)
                B_DOWN = Asc("2")
5
                B_LEFT = Asc("4")
                B_RIGHT = Asc("6")
                B_SELECT = Asc("5")
                B_PAGEUP = KEY_DIVIDE
                B_PAGEDOWN = Asc("0")
10
                B_0 = KEY_MULTIPLY
                B_FILTER = KEY_RETURN
            Else
                B_BACK = KEY_F1
                B_HELP = KEY_F3
15
                B_PREVIEW = KEY_F2
                B_UP = KEY_UP
                B_DOWN = KEY_DOWN
                B_LEFT = KEY_LEFT
                B_RIGHT = KEY_RIGHT
                B_SELECT = KEY_RETURN
20
                B_PAGEUP = KEY_PRIOR
                B_PAGEDOWN = KEY_NEXT
                B_0 = KEY_NUMPADO
                B_FILTER = KEY_F4
            End If
25
        End Sub
        Sub SetStatus (text As String, Color)
        'update the status bar with new message
            Dim s As SSPanel
            Set s = frmFrame!sspStatus '(works as long as form is loaded)
30
            s.BackColor = Color
            s.Caption = text
        End Sub
        Sub SizeAControl (Item As Control, t, H, 1, w)
        'set the size attributes of a control
35
            Item.Top = t
            Item.Left = 1
            Item.Height = H
            Item.Width = w
        End Sub
40
        Sub SizeAForm (frm As Form, t, H, 1, w)
        'set the size attributes of a form
            frm.Top = t
            frm.Left = 1
             frm.Height = H
45
             frm.Width = w
        End Sub
        Function StationString (s) As String
         looks up station number and returns station name as string
50
            statTable.Index = "ID"
```

```
statTable.Se k "=", s
          If statTable.NoMatch Then
              MsgBox "illegal station ID " & s
5
          End If
           StationString = statTable("Name")
       End Function
      Sub TellUser (message As String)
       'displays message on screen until key is pressed
10
       'probably would not be used
          userMsg = message
          Wait frmMsg
       End Sub
15
      Function TimeLabel (t) As String
       'returns null string for times on half hour,
       returns hour 1..12 otherwise
          Dim s As String
           s = Format(t, "hh:mm AM/PM")
20
           If Mid(s, 4, 2) = "30" Then
               TimeLabel = ""
           Else
               s = Format(s, "h AM/PM")
               'strip off AM/PM
               TimeLabel = Left(s, Len(s) - 3)
25
           End If
       End Function
       Function TimeString (aDate) As String
       format a date as 12-hour time without AM/PM or leading zero
30
           Dim theTime As String
           theTime = Format(aDate, "hh:mm AM/PM")
           theTime = Left(theTime, S) 'take just "hh:mm" part
           If Left(theTime, 1) = "0" Then
               theTime = Right(theTime, 4)
           End If
35
           TimeString = theTime
       End Function
       Sub Wait (F As Form)
        'Allows one form to wait for another to hide itself
40
           While (F. Visible)
               DoEvents
           Wend
        End Sub
 45
        '===== WEEK form code ======
        Option Explicit
        'stacked channel' view to be used with TV search and
        ' possibly other minimal searches (would need modification in ApplyFilter)
        Dim allData(8) As snapshot 'all data within time period
 50
```

```
Dim filterData(8) As snapshot 'a snapshot for each day in the view
       Dim NDays As Integ r 'number of days in display
                                'number of time slots in display
       Dim NSlots As Int ger
       Dim NProgs As Integer 'number of programs in display
5
       Dim colorField As String 'the database field that determin s item color
                                '(the field should contain an integer)
       Dim inPreview As Integer 'boolean 'if true, preview should show
       Dim refDate 'reference date for data time slots
       Dim slotsPerDay As Integer 'number of slots allowed per day
10
       Dim currDay 'number of current day
       Dim dayWidth As Integer width of day labels
       Dim lblHeight As Integer 'height of day labels
       Dim infoHeight As Integer 'height of specialized info panel
       Dim timeHeight 'height of time labels
       Dim startTime 'beginning time for view
15
       Dim TSBegin As Long 'first time slot of current day
       Dim TSEnd As Long 'last time slot of current day
       Dim TScurrent As Long 'time slot of current program
       Sub ApplyFilter ()
20
       'filter for a particular show by title in userString
           Dim i As Integer 'counter
           'create snapshot for each day
           For i = 1 To NDays
               allData(i).Filter = "Title = """ & userString & """"
25
               Set filterData(i) = allData(i).CreateSnapshot()
               filterData(i).Sort = "StartTS"
               Set filterData(i) = filterData(i).CreateSnapshot()
           Next i
       End Sub
30
       Sub ChangeSel (d As String)
       'perform view navigation
           Dim current 'as database marker
           Dim success As Integer 'boolean
           Dim s As Integer 'station number
35
           Dim best
           Dim TS As Long 'time slot
           Dim F As snapshot
           Dim aDay As Integer
           Dim marker 'as bookmark
40
           Dim arrows As String
           'save values, initialize values
           current = filterData(currDay).Bookmark
           Set F = filterData(currDay)
           s = F(*Station*)
45
           TS = TScurrent
           aDay = currDay
           success = False
           Select Case d
50
           Case "Right"
```

```
'move to later time, same day
                   F.FindNext 'StartTS > * & Str(TS)
                   success = Not F. NoMatch
                   If success Then
   5
                       'check if info arr ws needed
                      TS = F('StartTS')
                      F. MoveNext
                      If Not F.EOF Then
                          If F("StartTS") = TS Then
   10
                               infoArrows "down"
                          Else
                              infoArrows "none"
                          End If
                      Else
                          infoArrows "none"
  15
                      End If
                     F.MovePrevious
                 End If
             Case "Left"
                 'move to earlier time, same day
                 F.FindPrevious "StartTS < " & Str(TS)
  20
                 success = Not F.NoMatch
                 If success Then
                    TS = F("StartTS")
                     'go to top of column
                    F.FindFirst "StartTS = " & Str(TS)
 25
                    TS = F("StartTS")
                    'check if info arrows needed
                    F. MoveNext
                    If Not F.EOF Then
                        If F('StartTS') = TS Then
 30
                            infoArrows 'down"
                        Else
                            infoArrows "none"
                        End If
                    Else
                        infoArrows "none"
 35
                    End If
                    F.MovePrevious
               End If
           Case "Down"
                'move to later day, trying to keep close to previous time slot
               If NProgs < 1 Then Exit Sub 'do nothing if all snapshots empty
 40
               aDay = aDay + 1: TS = TS + 48
               While Not success And aDay <= NDays
                   Set F = filterData(aDay)
                   F.FindFirst *StartTS > * & Str(TS)
                   If F. NoMatch Then
45
                       'no prog to right, look left for any programs
                       If Not F.EOF Then F.MoveLast
                       If Not F.EOF Then
                           success = True
                           TS = F("StartTS")
50
                       End If
```

```
'save program to right, count time slots away, check left
                   Else
                       marker = F.Bookmark
                       best = F("StartTS") - TS
                       F.FindLast 'StartTS <= ' & Str(TS)
5
                       If F.NoMatch Ther.
                            'no prog to left, take program to right
                            F.Bookmark = marker
                           TS = TS + best
                      Else
                            'check distances from previous time slot
10
                            If TS - F("StartTS") > best Then
                                'right prog closest
                                F.Bookmark = marker
                                TS = TS - best
15
                            Else
                                ·left prog closest
                                TS = F("StartTS")
                            End If
                        End If
                        'either way, we found a program
20
                        success = True
                    End If
                    aDay = aDay + 1: TS = TS + 48
                Wend
                aDay = aDay - 1: TS = TS - 48
25
                If success Then
                     'make sure to be at the top of a column
                    F.FindFirst "StartTS = " & Str(TS)
                    If F.NoMatch Then Stop 'how did we get a TS with no program in it?
                    TS = F("StartTS")
                     'check if info arrows needed
 30
                     F.MoveNext
                     If Not F.ECF Then
                         If F("StartTS") = TS Then
                             infoArrows 'down'
                         Else
                             infoArrows "none"
 35
                         End If
                     Else
                         infoArrows "none"
                      End If
                     F.MovePrevious
  40
                 End If
             Case "Up"
                  'move to earlier day, trying to keep close to previous time slot
                  If NProgs < 1 Then Exit Sub 'do nothing if all snapshots empty
                  aDay = aDay - 1: TS = TS - 48
  45
                  While Not success And aDay > 0
                      Set F = filterData(aDay)
                      F.FindFirst 'StartTS > * & Str(TS)
                      If F.NoMatch Then
                          'no prog to right, lock left
                          If Not F.EOF Then F.MoveLast
  50
```

```
If Not F.EOF Then
                           success = True
                           TS = F("StartTS")
                       End If
5
                   Else
                       'save program to right, count time slots away, look left
                       marker = F.3ookmark
                       best = F("StartTS") - TS
                       F.Findlast "StartTS <= " & Str(TS)
                       If F.NcMatch Then
10
                           inc prog to left, take program to right
                           F.Bookmark = marker
                           TS = TS + best
                       Else
                            'check distances
                           If TS - F("StartTS") > best Then
15
                                right prog closest
                                F.Bookmark = marker
                               TS = TS + best
                           Else
                                'left prog closest
20
                                TS = F("StartTS")
                            End If
                       End If
                        'either way, we found a program
                        success = True
25
                   End If
                   aDay = aDay - 1: TS = TS - 48
               Wend
                aDay = aDay + 1: TS = TS + 48
                If success Then
                    'make sure to be at the top of a column
30
                    F.FindFirst *StartTS = * & Str(TS)
                    If F. NoMatch Then Stop 'how did we get a TS with no program in it?
                    TS = F("StartTS")
                    check if info arrows needed
                    F.McveNext
35
                    If Not F.EOF Then
                        If F("StartT5") = TS Then
                             infcArrows "down"
                             infoArrows "none"
                        End If
40
                     Else
                         infoArrows "none"
                     End If.
                     F.MovePrevious
                 End If
 45
             Case "Next"
                 find next program, same time and day
                 F. MoveNext
                 If Not F.EOF Then
                     'success means still in same time slot
                     success = F("StartTS") = TS
 50
```

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```
End If
                's t arrows
                If success Then
                    F.MoveNext
5
                    arrows = "up"
                    If Not F.EOF Then
                        If F("StartTS") = TS Then arrows = "both"
                    End If
                    F. MovePrevious
                    infoArrows arrows
10
                End If
           Case 'Prior'
                find previous program, same time and day
                F.MovePrevious
                If Not F.BOF Then
15
                    'success means still in same time slot
                    success = F("StartTS") = TS
                End If
                'set arrows
                If success Then
                    F.MovePrevious
20
                    arrows = "down."
                    If Not F.BOF Then
                        If F("StartTS") = TS Then arrows = "both"
                    End If
                    F.MoveNext
25
                    infoArrows arrows
                End If
            Case "none"
                'stay at current program, update the arrows (used at startup)
                If Not F.EOF Then
                    F. MoveNext
30
                    arrows = "none"
                    If Not F.EOF Then
                        If F("StartTS") = TS Then arrows = "down"
                    End If
                    F.MovePrevious
35
                    infoArrows arrows
                End If
            End Select
            If success Then
                 'update
40
                TScurrent = F("StartTS")
                currDay = aDay
                DisplayProg
            Else
                 restore database position
                 filterData(currDay).Bookmark = current
45
            End If
             'set begin and end time slots for current day
            TSBegin = DateDiff("n", refDate, (startTime - currDay - 1:0 > 30
            TSEnd = TSBegin + slotsPerDay - 1
50
```

```
Sub DisplayProg ()
        "set info box with current program info and highlight position
            Dim F As snapshot
5
           Dim msg As String
           Set F = filterData(currDay)
           msg = StationString(F("Station")) & ": " & Format(F("Start"), "h:mm AM/PM")
           msg = msg & " to " & Format(F("Finish"), "h:mm AM/PM, ")
           msg = msg & Format(F("Title"))
10
           msg = msg & Chr(13) & "(episode info here)" '& Format(F("Episode"))
            'note: current database does not contain episode information
           SetInfo msg, Color(F(colorField) Mod 9)
           shpProg(0).Visible = False
15
           selector. Visible = False
           Position shp?rog(0), F("StartTS"), F("FinishTS")
           CPlace 0. selector. shpProg(0)
           shpProg(0).Visible = True
           selector. Visible = True
       End Sub
20
       Sub DoPreview ()
       'Construct an appropriate preview message and display
           Dim msg As String
25
           msg = filterData(currDay)("Title")
           msg = msg & Chr(13) & "on " & StationString(filterData(currDay)("Station")) &
           msg = msg & CategoryString((filterData(currDay)("Type")),
        'filterData(currDay)("Category")))
           msg = msg & Chr(13) & DayString(Weekday(filterData(currDay)("Start")), "long")
30
           msg = msg & ", " & Format(filterData(currDay)("Start"), "mmm d, yy h:mm AM/PM")
           msg = msg & Chr(13) & * to * & Format(filterData(currDay)(*Finish*), *h:mm
       AM/PM*)
           popup.Caption = msg
35
           SizeAControl popup, (lblTime(1).top + 1.5 * lblTime(1).Height), 12,
        (1b1Day(1).Width), 45
           popup.Visible = True
            inPreview = True
       End Sub
40
       Sub DoSelect ()
        'set data for selection and go to TV
           userStation = filterData(currDay)("Station")
            userStart = filterData(currDay)("Start")
           returnCode = TOTV
45
           Me.Hide
        End Sub
       Sub DrawProg (duplicates As Integer, index As Integer)
        draw a program shape in display, marking it if there are duplicates at the
        identical time slot
50
```

. .

```
'shpProg(0) should be at the desired location
            Dim above, below, side, wide
            Const GAP = .3
 5
            abov = shpProg(0).top
            below = shpProg(0).Height
            side = shpProg(0).Left
            wide = shpProg(0).Width
            ForeColor = blackCOLOR 'line color, thin black outline
            FillStyle = 0 'solid
. 10
            drawwidth = 1
                                                                               ١
            Select Case duplicates
            Case 0
                 'draw the program in the given color
 15
                fillColor = Color(index)
                Line (side, above)-(side + wide, above + below - .5 * GAP), , B
            Case 1
                 'draw the program in grey and mark it
                fillColor = greyCOLOR indicate duplicates (which may be of different
        colors)
 20
                Line (side, above) - (side + wide, above + below - .5 * GAP), , E
                 'draw icon
                above = above + GAP
                side = side + GAP
                wide = 2 • GAP
 25
                drawwidth = 2
                Line (side, above)-(side + wide, above + wide)
                Line (side, above - wide) - (side + wide, above)
                Line (side, above + .5 * wide) - (side + wide, above + .5 * wide)
                 Line (side + .5 * wide, above)-(side + .5 * wide, above + wide)
            Case Else
 30
                 no need to redraw duplicate marks
            End Select
        End Sub
 35
        Sub Form_Activate ()
             Dim i As Integer 'counter
             Static saveFilter As String
             If saveFilter = userString Then sameFilter = True
             saveFilter = userString
 40
             SetStatus "This Week: " & userString, greyCOLOR
             if not same form, erase and redraw the week schedule
             If Not sameFilter Then
                 Me.Cls
                 SetInfo "Loading program information...", GREY
 45
                 shpProg(0).Visible = False
                 selector.Visible = False
                 infoArrows "none"
                 DoEvents
 50
```

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1

```
ApplyFilter
               MakeDisplay
               sameFilter = True
           End If
5
       End Sup
       Sub Form_KeyDown (KeyCode As Integer, Shift As Integer)
           Dim index As Integer
           Dim n As Integer
10
           Select Case KeyCode
           Case Asc("Q")
               End
           Case 3_BACK
               returnCode = BACK
               Me.Hide
15
           Case B_HELP
               sameFilter = True
               InvokeHelp
           Case 3_PREVIEW
               If inPreview Then
20
                   inPreview = False
                   popup.Visible = False
               Else
                   inPreview = True
               End If
           Case B_RIGHT
25
               ChangeSel ("Right")
           Case B_LEFT
               ChangeSel ("Left")
           Case B_UP
               ChangeSel ("Up")
30
           Case B_DOWN
               ChangeSel ("Down")
           Case B_SELECT
               If Not filterData(currDay).EOF Then DoSelect
           Case B_PAGEDOWN
               ChangeSel ("Next")
35
           Case B_PAGEUP
               ChangeSei ("Prior")
           Case B_FILTER
                'go back to frmSelect to choose a new title
               returnCode = PICK
40
               Me.Hide
            Case B_0
                returnCode = SHORTCUT
               Me.Hide
            End Select
            If inPreview Then
45
               DoPreview
               popup.Visible = False
            End If
        End Sub
```

55

```
Sub Form_Load ()
          Dim i As Integer
          's t form colors and fonts
5
          Me.BackColor = formCOLOR
          shpProg(0).BackColor = BorderColor
          lblDay(0).BackColor = backgroundCOLOR
          selector.BorderColor = BorderColor
          dayLine(0).BorderColor = divideCOLOR
           lblTime(0).ForeColor = slotCOLOR
10
           shpSlot(0).BorderColor = slotCOLOR
           infoPanel.FontSize = mediumFONT
           If displayMode = "TV" Then
               lblDay(0).FontSize = smallFONT
               lblTime(0).FontSize = smallFONT
15
               popup.FontSize = mediumFONT
           Else
               1blDay(0).FontSize = largeFONT
               lblTime(0).FontSize = largeFONT
               popup.FontSize = largeFONT
20
           End If
           cover up the standard info box
           SizeAForm Me, 0, DispTop + DispHeight, DispLeft, dispWidth
           'set scale and size objects
           NDays = 7
           NSlots = 48
25
           dayWidth = 4
           lblHeight = 2
           infoHeight = 6
           If displayMode = "TV" Ther.
               upArrow.Left = 8950
30
               downArrow.Left = 8950
               timeHeight = 2
               downArrow.top = 550
               upArrow.top = 150
           Else
               timeHeight = 1.5
35
               downArrow.top = 1525
           End If
           Me.Scale (0, 0)-(NSlots + dayWidth, NDays * lblHeight - 2 * timeHeight +
       infoHeight)
           selector.BorderWidth = 1
40
            'place extended info panel
           SizeAControl infoPanel, 0, infoHeight, 0, (Me.ScaleWidth)
           infoPanel.Caption = ""
            infoPanel.Visible = True
            place day labels along side
            SizeAControl lblDay(0), lblHeight + infoHeight, lblHeight, 0, dayWidth
45
         For 1 = 1 To NDays
                Load 1b1Day(i)
                lblDay(i).Caption = DayString(i, "short")
                lblDay(i).top = (i - 1) * lblHeight - infoHeight - 2 * timeHeight
                lblDay(1).Visible = True
50
            Next i
```

```
'put AM/PM label across top
            SizeAControl 1b1Day(0), infoHeight, timeHeight, dayWidth, NSlots
                                                                              PM .
            lblDay(0).Caption = "AM
            lblDay(0).Visibl = True
 5
            'put time labels across top
            SizeAControl lblTime(C), (lblDay(J).Height) + infoHeight, timeHeight, 0, 2
            For i = 1 To NSlots \ 2
                Load lblTime(i)
                .lblTime(i).Caption = TimeLabel(DateAdd("h", (i - 1), fakeTODAY))
                1blTime(i).Left = 2 * 1 + 2
10
                lblTime(i).Visible = True
            Next 1
            NProgs = 0
            sameFilter = False
            InputData
15
            Form_Activate
        End Sub
        Sub infoArrows (direct As String)
        'show or hide arrows in info box indicating presence of more programs at identical
20
        time
            Select Case direct
            Case "up"
                downArrow.Visible = False
                upArrow.Visible = True
            Case "down"
25
                upArrow.Visible = False
                downArrow.Visible = True
            Case "both"
                upArrow.Visible = True
                downArrow.Visible = True
30
            Case "none"
                upArrow.Visible = False
                downArrow. Visible = False
            End Select
        End Sub
35
        Sub InputData ()
        'part of form_load
        opens the database and creates allData snapshots
             Dim DB As database
 40
             Dim RefSnap As snapshot
            Dim i As Integer
             Set DB = CpenDatabase(TVDB)
             get reference date and number of stations
 45
             Set RefSnap = DB.CreateSnapshot("Reference")
             RefSnap.FindFirst "Name = 'Date'"
             refDate = DateValue(RefSnap("Data"))
             RefSnap.FindFirst "Name = 'NStations'"
 50
             Set allData(0) = DB.CreateSnapshot: "Programs")
```

```
startTime = r fDate
          TSBegin = 0
          TSEnd = TSBegin + 48 - 1
5
          For i = 1 To 7
              allData(0).Filter = Overlap(TSBegin + 48 * (i - 1), TSEnd - 48 * (i - 1)
              Set allData(i) = allData(0).CreateSnapshot()
           Set allData(0) = Nothing 'no longer need data all together
10
      End Sub
      Sum MakeDisplay ()
       toreate schedule display on screen
           Dim i As Integer 'counter
           Dim d As Integer 'day
15
           Dim TSlast As Integer 'last time slot affected
           Dim F As snapshot 'convenience
           Dim offset As Integer 'used twice: dayline offset & number of programs sharing a
       time slot
20
           'draw horizontal day lines
           drawwidth = 2
           ForeColor = 1blDay(0).BackColor
           offset = infoHeight + 2 * timeHeight
           For i = 0 To NDays
              Line (0, offset + i * lblHeight)-(52, offset + i * lblHeight)
25
           Next i
           'place program shapes
           offset = 0 keep track of how full a particular time slot is
           colorField = "Category" 'note: should this be "Type" instead?
30
           For d = 1 To NDays
               currDay = d
               TSlast = -1
               Set F = filterData(d)
               If Not F.EOF Then
                   F.MoveFirst
35
                   Do While Not F.EOF
                       If F("StartTS") = TSlast Then
                           offset = offset + 1
                           DrawProg offset. -1
                       Else
40
                           offset = 0
                           Position shpProg(0), F("StartTS"), F("FinishTS")
                           DrawProg offset, F(colorField) Mod 9
                           TSlast = F("StartTS")
                       End If
                       F. MoveNext
45
                   Loop
                   F. MoveFirst
               End If
           ∷ext i
50
            'imitialize stuff
```

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```
d = 1
            currDay = 1
            While d <= NDays
                If filterData(d).EOF Then
 5
                    d = d + 1
                Else
                    NProgs = 1 'just to make sure it is more than 0
                    currDay = d
                    d = NDays + 1
10
                End If
           wend
           shpProg(0).ZOrder
           selector.ZOrder
           If Not filterData(currDay).EOF Then
               TScurrent = filterData(currDay)("StartTS")
15
               DisplayProg
               ChangeSel 'none'
           End If
       End Sub
20
       Sub Position (shape As Control, start, finish)
       'position a program shape
           Dim leftTS
           Dim rightTS
           Const smallGAP = .1
25
           'convert to time slot scale
           leftTS = start - 46 * (currDay - 1)
           rightTS = finish - 48 * (currDay - 1)
           'set left and width
           shape.Left = dayWidth - leftTS
30
           shape.Width = rightTS - leftTS + 1 - smallGAP
           'cut off at beginning of day
           If shape.Left < dayWidth Then
               shape.Width = shape.Width - (dayWidth - shape.Left)
               shape.Left = dayWidth
           End If
35
           'set top and height
           shape.Height = 2 - 2 * smallGAP
           shape.top = lblDay(currDay).top + smallGAP
       End Sub
40
       Sup SetInfo (msg As String, Color)
        override the global SetInfo to write to my own info panel
           infoPanel.BackColor = Color
           infoPanel.Caption = msg
       End Sub
45
       '===== WKDAY form code ======
       Option Explicit
       "schedule of 5 weekdays at a particular time
       Tuses time-slot guided navigation
50
       Dim allData(8) As snapshot fall data within time period
```

```
Dim filterData(8) As snapshot 'a snapshot for each day in the view
       Dim NDays As Integer 'numb r of days in display
       Dim NSlots As Integer
                                 'number of time slots in display
                                 'number of programs in display
       Dim NProgs As Integer
       Dim NStation As Integ r 'number of stations in display
       Dim MaxStation As Integer 'total number of stations in database
       Dim colorField As String 'the database field that determines item color
                               '(the field should contain an integer)
    -- Dim imPreview As Integer 'boolean 'true if preview should show
       Const sideGap = .05 'space at beginning and end of program
10
       Const topGAP = 4 'space btwn time label and first program shape
       Dim refDate 'reference date for data time slots
       Const lblHEIGHT = 40 'height of day and time labels (in 500 scale)
       Const MINProgWidth = .2 'minimum width of a program shape as fraction of slot
       Dim slotsPerDay As Integer 'number of slots allowed per day
15
       Dim currDay As Integer 'number of current day
       Dim startTime 'start day and time of display
       Dim TSBegin As Long 'first time slot
Dim TSEnd As Long 'last time slot
       Dim TScurrent As Long 'current time slot
20
       Dim rowOffset 'distance between (tops of) rows in the schedule
       Sub ApplyFilter ()
       'create data set of onpy TV programs that fit into query string filters(TV)
       'set number of stations and database field determining color
25
           Dim i As Integer 'counter
           If InStr(filters(TV), "Station") Then
               NStation = 10
               'note: need better mechanism for displaying favorite channels
30
               colorField = "Type"
           Else
               NStation = MaxStation
               colorField = "Category"
           End If
           For i = 1 To NDays
35
               allData(i).Filter = filters(TV)
               Set filterData(i) = allData(i).CreateSnapshot()
           Next i
       End Sup
40
       Sub ChangeSel (d As String)
            Dim current, firstMatch 'as database markers
           Dim success As Integer 'boolean
           Dim s As Integer 'station
                            'time slot
           Dim TS As Long
           Dim F As snapshot
45
           Dim aDay As Integer
           Dim best As Integer
           current = filterData(currDay).Bookmark
           Set F = filterData(currDay)
50
           s = F("Station")
```

```
TS = TScurrent
            aDay = currDay
            succ ss = False
5
            If d = "Right" Then
                'check to immediate right, same time slot
                F.MoveNext
                If Not F.EOF Then
                   success = F("Station") = 's And F("StartTS") = TS
10
                End If
                If Not success Then
                'check time slots to right
                    shpSlot(TS - TSBegin - 1 - (currDay - 1) * slotsPerDay).FillStyle =
        l'transparent
                    lblTime(TS - TSBegin + 1 - (currDay - 1) * slotsPerDay).BackStyle =
15
        1 transparent
                    While aDay <= NDays And Not success
                        While TS < TSEnd And Not success
                            TS = TS + 1
                            'check stations at and below current
                            F.FindFirst Overlap(TS, TS) & "And Station >= " & s
20
                            If F.NoMatch Then
                                'take the last station above current
                                F.FindLast Overlap(TS, TS) & "And Station < " & s
                                success = Not F.NoMatch
                            Else
25
                                'save this match and check if stations above are closer
                                success = True
                                best = F("Station") - s
                                firstMatch = F.Bookmark
                                'check previous
                                F.FindPrevious Overlap(TS, TS)
30
                                If F.NoMatch Then
                                    ino previous match, stick with first match
                                    F.Bookmark = firstMatch
                                Else
                                    If s - F("Station") > best Then
35
                                         'first match was closer
                                        F.Bookmark = firstMatch
                                    End If
                                End If
                            End If
                        Wer.d
40
                        If Not success Then
                            TSBegin = TSBegin + 48
                            TSEnd = TSBegin + slotsPerDay - 1
                            TS = TSBegin - 1
                            aDay = aDay + 1
45
                            Set F = filterData(aDay)
                        End If
                    Wend
                End If
            ElseIf d = "Left" Then
50
            "theck to immediate left, same time slot
```

```
F.MovePr vious
              If Not F.BOF Then
                  success = F("Station") = s And F("FinishTS") = TS
              End If
5
              If Not success Then
              'check previous time slots
                  shpSlot(TS - TSBegin + 1 + (currDay - 1) * slotsPerDay).FillStyle =
      l'transparent
                  lblTime(TS - TSBegin + 1 + (currDay - 1) * slotsPerDay).BackStyle =
10
      Cotransparent
                                                           "for each day to left
                  While aDay >= 1 And Not success
                      While TS > TSBegin And Not success 'look for previous slot this day
                          TS = TS - 1
                          F.FindFirst Overlap(TS, TS) & * And Station >= * & Str's)
                          If F. NoMatch Then
15
                           'none with station less than current, look for first one down
                              F.FindLast Overlap(TS, TS)
                              success = Not F.NoMatch
                          Else
                              success = True
                               'mark this one and check up
20
                               firstMatch = F.Bookmark
                              best = F("Station") - s
                              F.FindPrevious Overlap(TS, TS) will be less than current
      station
                              If F.NoMatch Then
25
                                   'none lower, keep first match
                                   F. Bookmark = firstMatch
                              Else
                                   If s - F("Station") > best Then
                                       'first match was closer
30
                                       F. Bookmark = firstMatch
                                   End If
                               End If
                          End If
                      Wend
                                                           'try previous day
                       If Not success Then
35
                          aDay = aDay - 1
                          TSBegin = TSBegin - 48
                          TSEnd = TSBegin + slotsPerDay - 1
                          TS = TSEnd + 1
                           Set F = filterData(aDay)
40
                       End If
                   Wend
               End If
           ElseIf d = "Down" Then
           'move down within time slot
           inote: should we have option to only stop at programs that _begin_ in current
45
       time slot?
                  (with exception of first time slot in each day, of course)
               F.Sookmark = current
               F.FindNext "(" & Overlap(TS, TS) & " And Station <> " & Str(s) & ")"
               success = Not F.NoMatch
           ElseIf d = "Up" Then
50
```

```
'move down within time slot
            incie: should we have option to only stop at programs that _begin_ in current
        rime slot?
                   (with exception of first time slot in each day, of course)
5
                    F.Bookmark = current
                    F.FindPrevious *(* & Overlap(TS, TS) & * And Station <> * & Str(s) & *)*
                    success = Not F.NoMatch
            Elself d = "Top" Then
                F.FindFirst Overlap(TS, TS)
                success = Not F. NoMatch
10
            ElseIf d = "Bottom" Then
                F.FindLast Overlap(TS, TS)
                success = Not F.NcMatch
            End If
15
            If success Then
                'update
                TScurrent = TS
                currDay = aDay
                DisplayProg
20
                'restore position in data
                filterData(currDay).Bookmark = current
            restore other stuff
            TSBegin = DateDiff('n", refDate, (startTime + currDay - 1)) \ 30
25
            TSEnd = TSBegin - slotsPerDay - 1
            shpSlot(TScurrent - TSBegin + 1 + (currDay - 1) * slotsPerDay).FillStyle =
        C'sclid
            lblTime(TScurrent - TSBegin + 1 + (currDay - 1) * slotsFerDay).BackStyle =
        : ppaque
 30
        End Sub
        Sub DisplayProg ()
         'highlight location of current program
        'put info for current program in info box
            Dim F As snapshot
 35
            Dim msg As String
            Set F = filterData(currDay)
            highlight program
            shpProg(0).Visible = False
            selector.Visible = False
 40
            Position shpProg(0), F("Start"), F("Finish"), F("Station")
            CFlace 0, selector, shpProg(0)
            snp?rog(0).Visible = True
             selector Visible = True
.. 45
             'set message
            msg = StationString(F("Station")) & " - " & F("Title") & " "
            msg = msg & Format(F("Start"), "h:mm AM/PM")
            msg = msg & " to " & Format(F("Finish"), "h:mm AM/PM")
             SetInfo msg, Color(F(colorField) Mod 9)
 50
         End Sup
```

```
Sus DoPreview ()
       *Construct an appropriat preview message and display
           Dim msg As String
5
           msg = "Station: " & StationString(filterData(currDay)("Station"))
           msg = msg & Chr(13) & "Title: " & filterData(currDay)("Title") & Chr(13:
           msg = msg & CategoryString((filterData(currDay)('Type')),
       (filterData(currDay)("Category")))
           msg = msg & Chr(13) & "Time: " & Format(filterData(currDay)("Start"), 'mmm d.yy
10
       h:mm AM/PM*)
           msg = msg & Chr(13) & to " & Format(filterData(currDay)("Finish"), "himm
       AM PM")
           'show popup with preview message
15
           popup.Caption = msg
           popup.Top = lblTime(1).Top + 2 * lblTime(1).Height
           popup.Left = 2
           popup.Width = slotsPerDay * NDays - 3
           popup. Visible = True
20
           inPreview = True
       End Sub
       Sub DoSelect ()
        'set data for selection and go to TV
           userStation = filterData(currDay)("Station")
25
           userStart = filterData(currDay)("Start")
           returnCode = TOTV
           Me.Hide
       End Sub
30
       Sub Form_Activate ()
            Dim i As Integer 'counter
            Static saveFilter As String
            If saveFilter * filters(currDomain) Then sameFilter = True
            saveFilter = filters(currDomain)
35
            SetStatus "Evening TV: " & currFilter(TV), greyCOLOR
            'note: "Evening TV" label would be variable
            If inPreview Then
                popup.Visible = False
                inPreview = Faise
40
            End If
            If newUser Then
                popup.Caption = "Press 'category' to change the kind of programs diplayed."
                popup.Visible = True
                 'note: ought to make popup go away on timer as well as button press
                newUser = False
45
          End If
            If sameFilter Then
                 restore darkened time-slot
                If TScurrent > 0 Then
50
```

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```
shpSlot(TScurrent - TSBegin - 1 - (currDay - 1) * slotsPerDay).FillStyle
      = l'sclid
                  lblTime(TScurrent - TSBegin - 1 + (currDay - 1) * slotsPerDay).BackStyle
      = l'solid
5
              End If
          Else
               'unload old program shapes and redo display
              SetInfo "Loading program information...". GREY
              shpProg(C).Visible = False
              lblDay(0).Visible = False
10
              lblTime(0).Visible = False
              shpSlot(0).Visible = False
              selector. Visible = False
              For i = 1 To NProgs
                  Unload shpProg(i)
15
              Next i
              ApplyFilter
              MakeDisplay
              sameFilter = True
          End If
20
      End Sub
      Sub Form_KeyDown (KeyCode As Integer, Shift As Integer)
          inote: always turn off the black slot before leaving, so it doesn't mess up
      later views
          Dim Index As Integer
25
          Dim n As Integer
          Select Case KeyCode
          Case Asc("Q")
              End
          Case B_BACK
              shpSlot(TScurrent - TSBegin - 1 + (currDay - 1) * slotsPerDay).FillStyle =
30
              lblTime(TScurrent - TSBegin + 1 + (currDay - 1) * slotsPerDay).BackStyle =
      0'transparent
              returnCode = BACK
              Me.Hide
35
          Case B_HELP
              sameFilter = True
              InvokeHelp
           Case B_PREVIEW
               If inPreview Then
                   pcpup.Visible = False
40
                   inPreview = False
                   inPreview = True
               End If
           Case B_RIGHT
45
               If Not filterData(currDay).EOF Then ChangeSel ("Right")
           Case E_LEFT
              If Not filterData(currDay).EOF Then ChangeSel ("Left")
           Case B_UP
              If Not filterData(currDay).EOF Then ChangeSel ("Up")
           Case B_DOWN
```

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```
If Not filterData(currDay).EOF Them ChangeSel ("Down")
          Case B_SELECT
              shpSlot(TScurrent - TSBegin + 1 - (currDay - 1) * slotsPerDay).FillStyle =
      l'transparent
              lblTime(TScurrent - TSBegin + 1 + (currDay - 1) * slotsPerDay).BackStyle =
      0'transparent
               If Not filterData(currDay).EOF Then DoSelect
          Case 3_PAGEDOWN
               If Not filterData(currDay).EOF Then ChangeSel ("Bottom")
10
          Case B_PAGEUP
              If Not filterData(currDay).EOF Then ChangeSel ("Top")
          Case B_FILTER
               shpSlot(TScurrent - TSBegin + 1 + (currDay - 1) * slotsPerDay).FillStyle =
       l'transparent
               lblTime(TScurrent - TSBegin + 1 + (currDay - 1) * slotsPerDay).BackStyle =
15
      Citransparent
               recurnCode = Filter
               Me.Hide
           Case B_0
               shpSlot(TScurrent - TSBegin - 1 + (currDay - 1) * slotsPerDay).FillStyle =
20
       1'transparent
               lblTime(TScurrent - TSBegin + 1 + (currDay - 1) * slotsPerDay).BackStyle =
       0'transparent
               returnCode = SHORTCUT
               Me. Kide
           End Select
25
           If inPreview Then
               DoPreview
           Else
               popup.Visible = False
           End If
       End Sub
30
       Sub Form_Load ()
           Dim d As Integer, i As Integer, n As Integer 'counters
           Dim t 'as time
           'set form colors and fonts
35
           Me.BackColor = formCOLOR
           shpProg(0).BackColor = BorderColor
           lblDay(0).BackColor = backgroundCOLOR
           selector.BorderColor = BorderColor
           dayLine(0).BorderColor = divideCCLOR
           lblTime(C).ForeColor = slotCOLOR
40
           shpSlot(0).BorderColor = slotCOLOR
           If displayMode = "TV" Then
                lbiDay(0).FontSize = smallFONT
                lblTime(0).FontSize = smallFONT
                popup.FontSize = mediumFONT
45
            Else
                lblDay(0).FontSize = largeFONT
                lblTime(0).FontSize = largeFONT
                popup.FontSize = largeFONT
            End If
            set scale and size objects
50
```

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1

```
SizeAForm M , DispTop, DispHeight, DispLeft, DispWidth
           Me.Scale (0, 0)-(500, 500)
           SizeAControl lblDay(0), 0, lblHEIGHT, 0, 500
           SizeAControl lblTime(0), lblHEIGHT, lblHEIGHT, 0, 50
  5
           SizeAControl shpSlot(0), 2 * 1blHEIGHT + .5 * topGAP, 500 - 2 * 1blHEIGHT, 0, 50
           SizeAControl popup, 250, 200, 250, 200
           selector.BorderWidth = 1
           dayLine(0).Y1 = 0
           dayLine(C).Y2 = 500
            'init variables
  10
            sameFilter = False
            sameView = False
            inPreview = False
           NProgs = 0
                       'five week days
           NDays = 5
  15
           NSlots = NDays * slotsPerDay
           startTime = fakeToday + CVDate("7:00 PM") 'time would be variable and set at
       activate
            startTime = DateAdd('d", 2 - Weekday(startTime), startTime) 'set startTime to
       Monday(=2)
  20
            'set time slot scale and place the permanent objects
           Me.ScaleWidth = NSlots
           lblTime(0).Width = 1
           shpSlot(0).Width = 1
           For i = 1 To NDays
 25
                'place and caption day labels
               Load lblDay(i)
               SizeAControl lblDay(i), 0, lblHEIGHT. slotsPerDay * (i - 1), slotsPerDay
               lblDay(i).Caption = DayString(i + 1, *short*)
                lblDay(i).Visible = True
           Next i
  30
            For d = 1 To NDays
                For 1 = 1 To slotsPerDay
                    n = (d - 1) \cdot slotsPerDay + i
                    'place time slot dividers
                    Load shpSlot(n)
  35
                    shpSlot(n).Move n - 1
                    shpSlct(n).ZOrder
                    shpSlot(n).Visible = True
                    'place time labels
                    Load lblTime(n)
                    lblTime(n).Move n - 1
  40
                    lblTime(n).ZOrder
                    t = DateAdd("n", 30 * (i - 1), startTime;
                    lblTime(n).Caption = TimeLabel(t)
                    'time captions would be set at activate since they could change (when
        sameView false)
. 45
                    shpSlot(i).FillStyle = 1'transparent
                    lblTime(i).BackStyle = 0'transparent
                    lblTime(n).Visible = True
                Next :
                'place day separators, but don't show yet
                If d < NDays Then
  50
```

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```
Load dayLine(d)
                    dayLine(d).X1 = d * slotsPerDay
                    dayLine(d) X2 = d * slotsPerDay
               End If
5
           Next d
           InputData
           Form_Activate
           sameView = True
       End Sub
10
       Sub ImputData ()
        'part of form_load
        opens the database and creates allData snapshots
           Dim DB As database
15
           Dim ReiSnap As snapshot
           Dim i As Integer
            Set DB = OpenDatabase(TVDB)
            'assumes data already sorted by station, start
20
            'get reference date and number of stations
            Set RefSnap = DB.CreateSnapshot("Reference")
            RefSnap.FindFirst "Name = 'Date'"
            refDate = DateValue(RefSnap("Data"))
            RefSnap.FindFirst 'Name = 'NStations''
25
            MaxStation = Val(RefSnap("Data"))
            Set allData(C) = DB.CreateSnapshot("Programs")
            'create snapshots of all programs for each weekday at fixed time
            time would be variable and these would have to be created at activate
30
            TSBegin = DateDiff("n", refDate, startTime) \ 30
            TSEnd = TSBegin + slotsPerDay - 1
            For i = 1 To 5
                allData(0).Filter = Overlap(TSBegin + 48 * (i - 1), TSEnd + 48 * (i - 1))
        '48 time slots/day
35
                Set allData(i) = allData(0).CreateSnapshot()
            Next i
            Set allData(0) = Nothing 'won't be needing everything since time is fixed
        Er.d Sub
40
        Sub MakeDisplay ()
         create the visual schedule of programs from the filtered data
            Dim d As Integer 'day
            Dim c As Integer 'counter
Dim F As snapshot 'convenience
            Dim hasProgs As Integer 'remember the first day that has programs in it
45
             'set times showing
             If Not sameView Then
                 'would change time labels here
             End If
50
```

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```
'place program shapes
          hasProgs = G
          c = 0 'init count of shpProgs
          On Error GoTo ErrorHandler 'if we run out of shpProgs to allocate
5
          For d = 1 To NDays
              currDay = d
              Set F = filterData(d)
               create a shape control for each TV program in the data
               If Not F.EOF Then
10
                  F.MoveFirst
                  Do While Not F.EOF
                       Load shpProg(c + 1)
                       c = c + 1 'increment only after allocate succeeds
                       shpProg(c).BackColor = Color(F(colorField) Mod 9)
                      Position shpProg(c), F("Start"), F("Finish"), F("Station")
15
                       shpProg(c).ZOrder
                       shpProg(c).Visible = True
                       F. MoveNext
                  Loop
                  F.MoveFirst
                   If hasProgs = 0 Then hasProgs = d 'remember the first day with programs
20
      in it
              End If
          Next d
      McveOn:
          On Error GoTo 0 'quit trapping errors internally
25
           make day lines visible on top
          For d = 1 To NDays - 1
               dayLine(d).ZOrder
               dayLine(d).Visible = True
          Next d
30
           'initialize stuff
           NProgs = C
           currDay = hasProgs
           shpProg(0).ZOrder
           selector.ZOrder
35
           If currDay > 0 Then
               'set time slot begin and end numbers for current day
               TSBegin = DateDiff("n", refDate, startTime) \ 30 + 48 * (currDay - 1)
               TSEnd = TSBegin + slotsPerDay - 1
               TScurrent = TSBegin
40
               Set F = filterData(currDay)
               Do While TScurrent <= TSEnd
                   F.FindFirst Overlap(TScurrent, TScurrent)
                   If Not F.NoMatch Then
                       DisplayProg
                       Exit Do
45
                   End If
                   TScurrent = TScurrent + 1
               Loop
           E.se
               TSBegin = DateDiff("n", refDate, startTime) \ 30
50
               TSEnd = TSBegin + slotsPerDay - 1
```

```
TScurrent = TSBegin
               currDay = 1
           End If
           shpSlot(TScurrent - TSBegin + 1 + (currDay - 1) * slotsPerDay).FillStyle =
5
           lblTime(TScurrent - TSBegin + 1 + (currDay - 1) * slotsPerDay).BackStyle =
       1 'opaque
           Exit Sub
10
       ErrorHandler:
           If Err = 342 Then
                'ran out of room to allocate program shapes, quit drawing
               Resume MoveOn
           Else
15
               Dim msg
               msg = Error & Chr(13) & "Resume or Cancel?"
               msg = InputBox(msg, "Error Correction", "Resume")
                If msg = "" Then Stop
               Resume MoveOn
           End If
20
       End Sub
       Sub Position (shape As Control, start, finish, station)
        'position a program shape for display
           Dim relativeL, relativeW, dayStart
25
           Dim edge
            'convert a day/time to position in NSlot scale
           dayStart = startTime + currDay - 1
           relativeL = (start - dayStart) * 48
           relativeW = (finish - dayStart) * 48 - relativeL
            'clip shapes off at day boundaries
30
            If relativeL < 0 Then
                relativeW = relativeW + relativeL
                relativeL = 0
            End If
            If relativeW + relativeL > slotsPerDay Then relativeW = slotsPerDay - relativeL
            'set left and width of shape
35
            edge = (currDay - 1) * slotsPerDay
            shape.Left = relativeL + edge + sideGap
            shape.Width * relativeW - 2 * sideGap
            'enforce minimum width so program is visible
            If shape.Width < MINProgWidth Then shape.Width = MINProgWidth
40
            'set top according to station
            inote: this scheme only works because stations are named 1...n
            rowOffset = ((500 - 2 * 1blHEIGHT - shpProg(C).Height) / NStation)
            shape.Top = shpSlot(0).Top + topGAP + (station - 1) * rowOffset
        End Sub
45
```

Thus, it will now be understood that there has been disclosed a method and apparatus of finding and selecting a program to view from a large schedule of TV programs. While the invention has been particularly illustrated and described with reference to preferred embodiments thereof, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes in form, details, and applications may be made therein. For example, color coding of the individual items of the reduced representations and of the various entries in the various grid displays could be used to assist the viewer in making rapid program selections. Another example is that it is easily within the capabilities of this art to modify a TV set by integrating the set top box according to the present invention into it. It is accordingly intended that the appended

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claims shall cover all such changes in form, details and applications which do not depart from the true spirit and scope of the invention.

5 Claims

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Apparatus for selecting an item from a group thereof in a system having display means and interactive movable
pointing means for specifying a location in the display means and making a selection at a specified location, the
apparatus comprising:

filtration means including subgroup specifiers in the display means and responsive to selection of a subgroup specifier by the pointing means for filtering the group to produce the subgroup specified by the selected subgroup specifier;

means for displaying representations of group items belonging to at least a portion of the subgroup in the display means; and

group item selection means for selecting a group item by selecting the representation thereof in the display in response to the pointing means.

2. The apparatus set forth in claim 1 wherein:

the pointing means need only be movable from one representation to an adjacent representation.

3. The apparatus set forth in claim 1 wherein:

the means for displaying the representations comprises: first means for displaying the representations in a single dimension; and second means for displaying the representations in two dimensions.

4. The apparatus set forth in claim 1 further comprising:

means for displaying a reduced representation of the entire subgroup and an indication in the reduced representation of the portion of the group being presently displayed by the display means.

- 5. The apparatus set forth in claim 4 wherein said reduced representation is two dimensional.
- 6. The apparatus set forth in claim 5, wherein said interactive movable pointing means includes a remote control having:

a first pair of buttons to control changes in location in the display in a first direction; and a second pair of buttons to control changes in location in the display in a second direction.

- 7. The apparatus set forth in claim 4 wherein said reduced representation is a two dimensional representation of a three dimensional representation, the third dimension being location within a logical stack of items having at least one common property.
- 8. The apparatus set forth in claim 7 wherein each item of a logical stack have viewing timeslot as one common property.
 - 9. A method comprising the steps of:

receiving program schedule data by a set top box via a same information conductor that conducts program information to the set top box:

filtering said program schedule data in RAM within said set top box:

said set top box showing a first interactive display on a TV connected thereto presenting a plurality of choices for filtering said program schedule data to a viewer;

in response to an interactive selection by said viewer, filtering said program schedule data into a first subgroup of program schedule data:

also in response to an interactive selection by said viewer, said set top box showing a second interactive display on said TV having a second plurality of choic is for filtering said program schedule data: in response to a second interactive selection by said viewer, filtering said first subgroup into a second subgroup:

and

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also in response to a second interactive selection by said viewer, said set top box showing a third interactive display on said TV having a representation of each program item of said second subgroup.

5 10. The method of claim 9, wherein said receiving program schedule data step further comprises the steps of

receiving a first portion of said program schedule data via said set top box; and receiving a second portion of said program schedule data at a later non-contiguous time.

11. The method of claim 9, further comprising the step of:

in response to an interactive highlighting of a representation of a program item of said second subgroup, displaying a title thereof.

12. The method of claim 11, further comprising the step of:

in response to an actuation of a select button of a remote control, displaying a preview of said highlighted program.

13. The method of claim 12, further comprising the step of:

in response to a second actuation of said select button of said remote control, switching said set top box to display a TV program corresponding to said highlighted representation.

14. The method of claim 12, further comprising the step of:

in response to a second actuation of said select button of said remote control, storing a command to switch said set top box to display a TV program corresponding to said highlighted representation in when that TV program begins.

15. A method comprising the steps of:

receiving program schedule data for at least 300 individual channels for a time period of at least a week; storing said program schedule data in local memory for rapid sorting and retrieval in a database format; filtering the program schedule data in response to interactive user inputs into a subgroup of the program schedule data:

displaying the subgroup of the program schedule data for the user's review; and

interactively selecting a program from the subgroup of program schedule data for viewing on a TV screen.

16. A method for choosing a desired program from a large schedule of programs whose data is stored in a local memory, comprising the steps of:

displaying a vertically cascaded group of cards with each card representing a program of a particular time and channel;

displaying a selection window located around a subgroup of said group of cards:

displaying a two-dimensional grid adjacent to said vertically cascaded group of cards in which said subgroup of the programs represented by said vertically cascaded group of cards are shown in greater detail;

displaying a first active area within said selection window highlighting one of said subgroup of programs;

displaying a second active area within said two-dimensional grid, said second active area being located around and highlighting greater details of the program highlighted in said first active area;

moving said first active area in a vertical direction in response to vertical direction arrows to a viewer's input of a remote control; and

selecting a desired program by moving said active area to said desired program and actuating a select button until said set top box makes said selection.

17. The method according to claim 16, further comprising the steps of

after said active area is moved one location outside of said selection window by inputs from said viewer, moving said selection window to a contiguous subgroup to which said active area has moved.

18. Apparatus for selecting an item from a group thereof in a system having display means and interactive movable pointing means for specifying a location in the display means and making a selection at a specified location, the apparatus comprising:

filtration means including subgroup specifiers in the display means and responsive to selection of a subgroup specifier by the pointing means for filtering the group to produce the subgroup specified by the selected subgroup specifier;

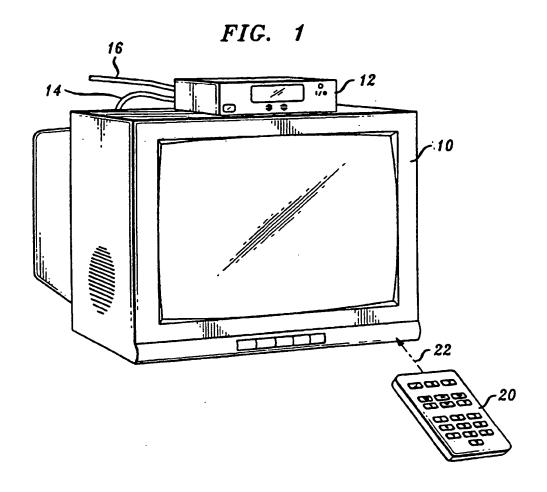
means for displaying representations of group items belonging to the subgroup in the display means: group item selection means for selecting a group item by selecting the representation thereof in the display in response to the pointing means: and

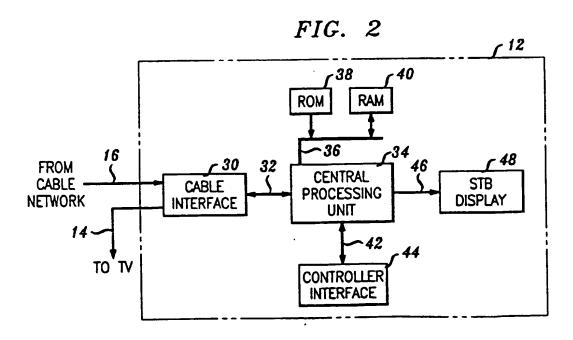
means for displaying a reduced representation of the entire subgroup and an indication in the reduced representation of the portion of the group being presently displayed by the display means:

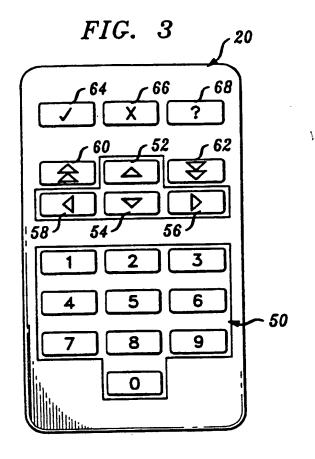
said reduced representation displaying means displaying a two dimensional representation of a three dimensional representation, a third dimension being represented as a logical stack of items having at least one common property.

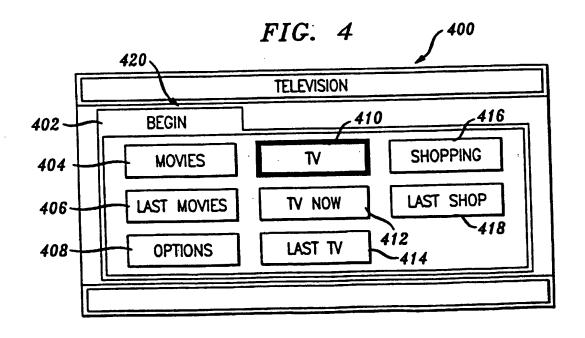
19. The apparatus set forth in claim 8 or 18, wherein said interactive movable pointing means includes a remote control having:

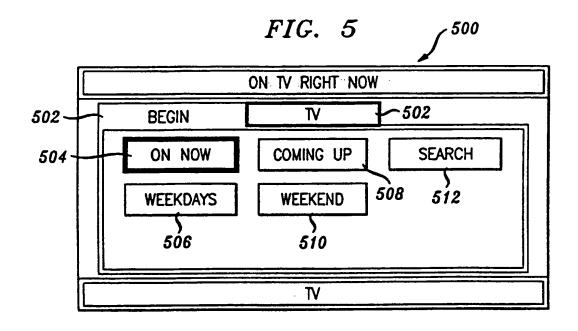
a first pair of buttons to control changes in location in the display in a first direction; and a second pair of buttons to control changes in location in the display in a second direction; and a third pair of buttons to control changes in location within the logical stack.

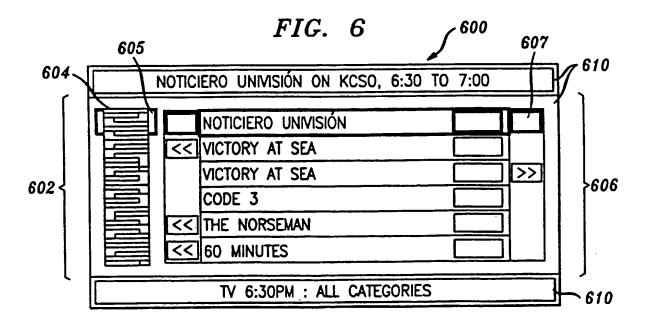


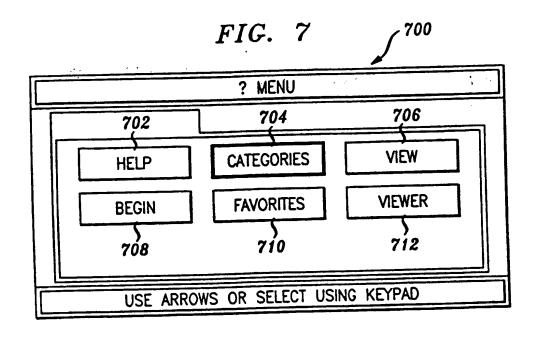


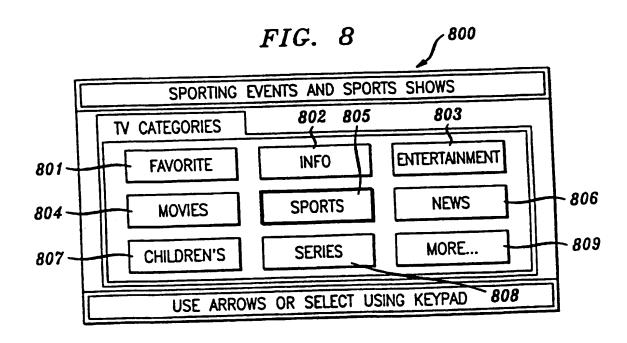


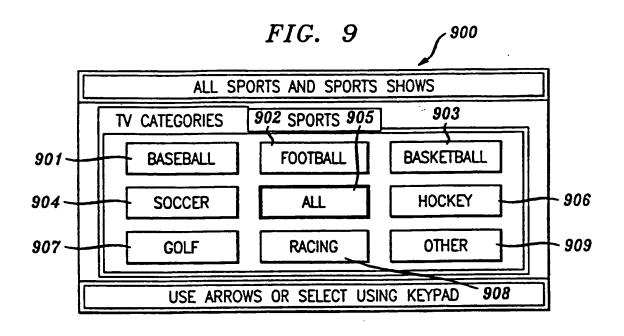


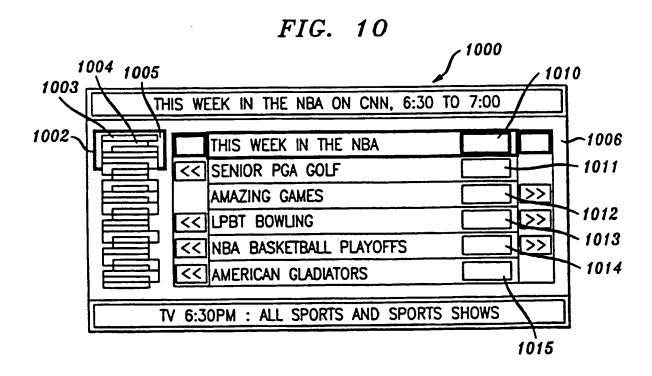


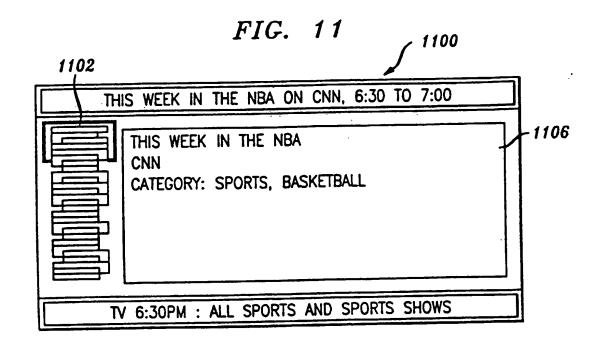


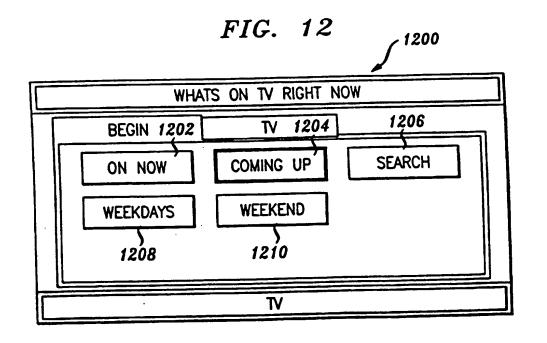


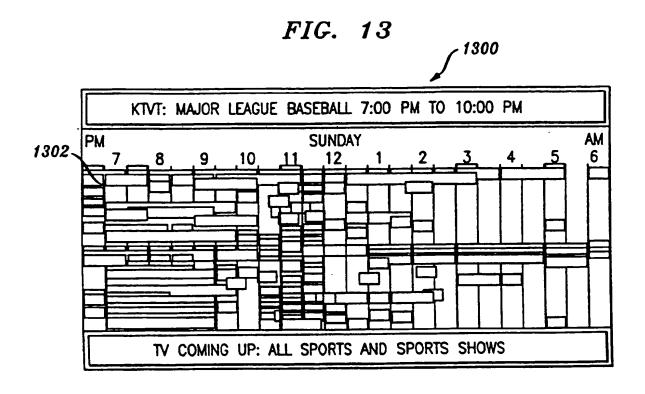


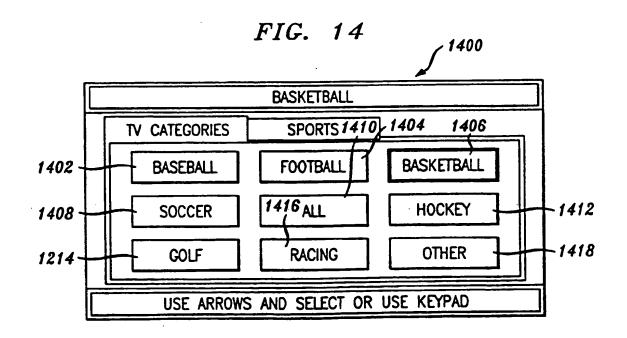


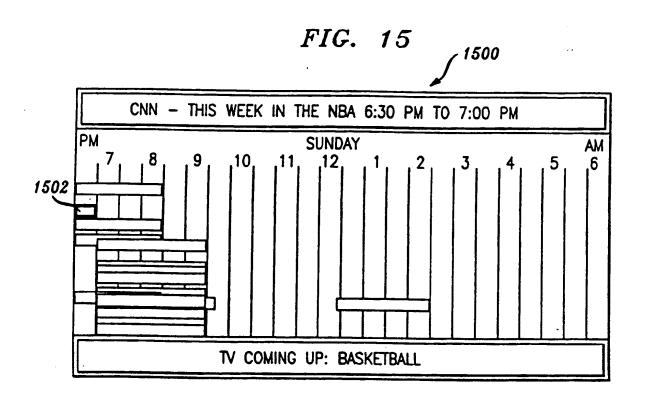


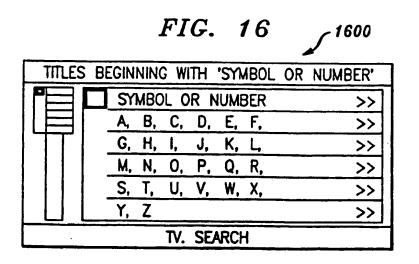


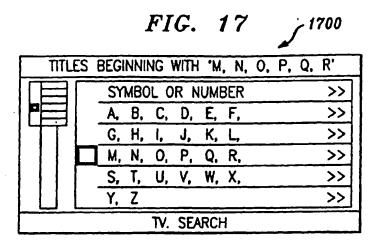


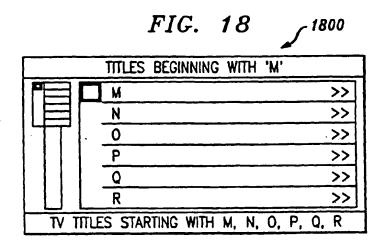


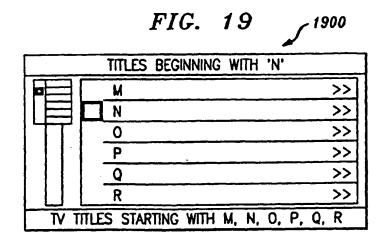


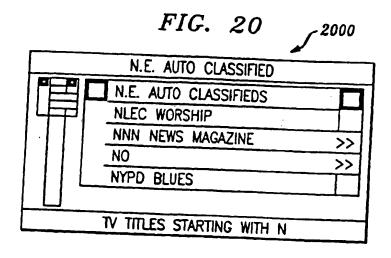


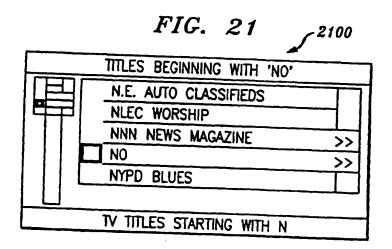


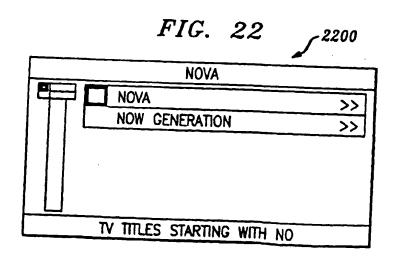


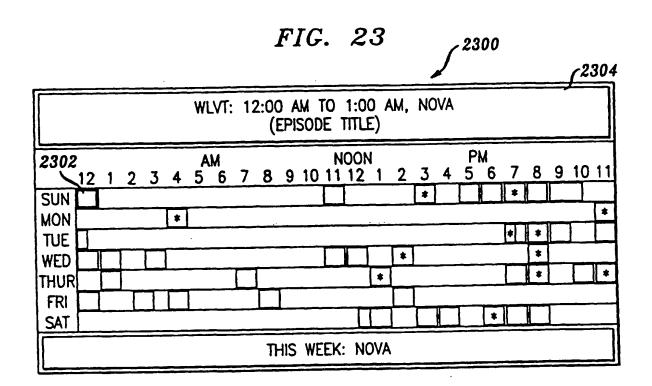














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(54) Method and apparatus for finding and selecting a desired data item from a large schedule of data items using a TV set and a controller similar to a TV-remote-control

viewer with an overall representation of the present number of entertainment programs available for selection given one week of program schedule data for 300 or more channels and one or more filtering criteria to limit the number of items represented in the overall representation. Sequentially applied filters will filter the group of program schedule data items that has at least 100,000 half hour time slots offered by 300 channels each week into a smaller subgroup where individual

consideration of each item of the subgroup can be made in a reasonable time. A set top box drives the display of overall representations or results of filtering criteria on a commercial TV set. Once a reasonable sized subgroup is obtained, other displays provide specific information of the program offerings of the subgroup. Selection of the filtering criteria and selection from within a subgroup is interactively made by a viewer through the use of a controller that looks and operates very much like a TV remote control. This makes the interaction familiar, easy and predictable.



EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number EP 96 30 1902

Category	Citation of document with in of relevant pas	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (lat.CL6)		
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x	NEW TECHNOLOGY FOR 11 June 1993 , CABL MONTREUX, JUNE 10 -	15, 1993, NR. SYMP. 86 , POSTES; TELEPHONES			
A	* the whole documen		18		
X	W0 94 14282 A (DISCOVERY COMMUNICATIONS) * page 3, line 4 - line 19 * * page 4, line 8 - page 5, line 2 * * page 5, line 30 - page 7, line 22 * * page 12, line 7 - line 21 * * page 13, line 14 - line 32 * * page 14, line 12 - page 15, line 2 * * page 23, line 14 - page 24, line 28 * * page 26, line 17 - line 28 * * page 27, line 5 - line 31 * * page 29, line 31 - page 30, line 8 * * page 34, line 28 - page 35, line 5 * * page 51, line 10 - page 52, line 30 * * page 56, line 7 - page 57, line 22 * * page 72, line 15 - page 77, line 25 * * figures 9A,9B,13-19 *			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.6) HO4N	
A	WO 93 22877 A (ICTV * page 33, line 4 - * figures 8,33,36-4	page 34, line 34 *	1,2,9-15		
	The present search report has	ocen drawn up for all claims			
	Place of search	Date of completion of the search		Exeminar	
<u> </u>	CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUME	2 July 1997 NTS I: theory or prince E: earlier patent 6	ple underlying th	rwitz, P	
Y:p	articularly relevant if taken alone articularly relevant if combined with an ocument of the same category schoological background	after the filing orther I): document cited	late in the applicatio for other reasons	•	
	on-written disclosure stermediate document	& ; member of the document	Same patent fam	ily, corresponding	



EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number EP 96 30 1902

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	* page 4, line 16 - page 7, line 4 - l * page 8, line 4 - page 8, line 15 - * page 11, line 15 - * page 13, line 1 -	ine 12 * age 10, line 27 * line 31 *				
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	* column 1, line 8 - * column 3, line 2 - * column 19, line 17 * column 19, line 51 figures 2,23-26 *	line 15 * - line 25 *	13;	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.6)		
	The present search report has b					
<u> </u>	Place of search	Date of completion of the se	randa .	Examer		
ž	THE HAGUE	2 July 1997		Berwitz, P		
NI A:	particularly relevant if taken alone narticularly relevant if combined with another		T: theory or principle underlying the invention E: earlier parent document, but published on, or after the filing date D: document cited in the application L: document cited for other reasons d: member of the same patent family, corresponding document			

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